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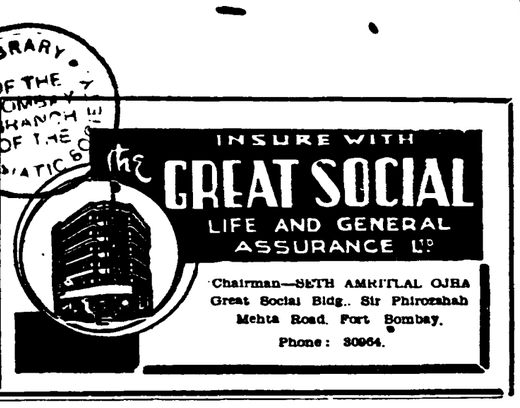


LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

PEOPLE OF PARIS LIBERATE THEIR CITY

GERMANS ROUTED AFTER FOUR DAYS' BATTLE

PATRIOTS AVENGE PETAIN BETRAYAL: SCENES OF COMMUNE AND FALL OF BASTILLE RE-ENACTED

LONDON, August 23.

PARIS is liberated. Her own people have risen against the Germans and seized the city from within. The honour of announcing this unique victory fell to the 46 year old General Joseph Koenig, Commander of the French Forces of the Interior and newly appointed Military Governor of Paris. He issued the special Communique today which, it is understood, was first broadcast from Paris itself.

FOUR DAYS OF BATTLE

Fittingly relayed to the world by the radio of the exiled French Capital, Algiers, the 'communique' told how the heroic citizens of Paris overthrew the German occupiers and their Vichyite collaborators after four days of battle.

On Saturday morning August 19th, fifty thousand armed patriots went into action. They were supported by hundreds of thousands of unarmed Parisians who re-enacted to-day the tradition of the Bastille and the Commune. The police who had earlier gone on strike, returned to work for their own people and took over the Prefecture of Police. The "City" island became a bastion against which German attacks broke down. General Koenig ended his 'communique' with these triumphant words: "Yesterday, August 22, after four days of fighting the enemy was beaten everywhere. Thus the people of Paris has taken a decisive part in the liberation of the Capital".

FIRST NEWS

Parisians first knew that the liberation of their city was at hand when last Thursday they heard the rumble of guns as General Patton's American Army approached the city on the road from Chartres. The first public indication that an uprising was in progress came on Sunday night when the Paris radio broke its four years' silence to issue a proclamation from the German Military Commander announcing severe measures against a "revolt". The measures failed and to-day the French Capital has snapped the shackles of serfdom and its inhabitants are now preparing a triumphal reception for the Allied forces at their gates.

ALGIERS ANNOUNCEMENT

The Algiers radio in a broadcast to the French at 12.35 today announced that French Forces of the Interior liberated Paris.

The radio announcer broke into the news bulletin to say: "Stand by everyone. The B.B.C. has just announced the F.F.I. have liberated Paris."

The Algiers radio then played the Marseillaise.

All stations of the French North African broadcasting system including Rabat, Morocco and Algiers are repeatedly broadcasting General Koenig's special 'communique', shouting "PARIS IS LIBERATED."

NAZI VERSION

At the same time as the Algiers radio was announcing the liberation of Paris this morning, the German News Agency war correspondent in the west, Alex Schmalfuss, reported: "In Paris, as the result of stern measures taken by the Germans, the city has been pacified. There is no saying, however, that fresh disorders will not break out in the immediate future through the activities of terrorists and irresponsible elements."

KOENIG 'COMMUNIQUE'

The Algiers radio broadcasting a 'communique' from General Koenig, Commander of the French Forces of the Interior, today said: "On Saturday morning, August 19, the National Resistance Council and the Paris Committee of Liberation, in agreement with national delegates representing the Provisional Government of the French Republic decreed a general uprising in the Paris area.

French Forces of the Interior, fifty-thousand strong, armed and supported by several thousand patriots not armed, went into action. Paris police which had previously gone on a strike, took over the Prefecture of Police and the 'City' island of Paris (the administrative part of the town) was turned into a bastion before which the German attacks broke down. Yesterday, August 22, after four days of fighting the enemy was beaten everywhere. Patriots have occupied all public buildings. Representatives of Vichy have been arrested or have taken to flight. Thus the people of Paris has taken a decisive part in the liberation of the Capital."

CALL TO PARISIANS

The B.B.C. broadcast in French, the following appeal to the people of Paris:

"The Provisional Government of the Republic is well aware of the extraordinary privations suffered by the population of Paris during the last few weeks. The Government has but one aim—to stop these hardships at the earliest.

It must, however, be realised that several days will pass before reorganisation will permit the arrival of necessary supplies. Whoever under these circumstances, touches stores endangers supplies for all. Every looter is threatening the people with starvation.

The authorities which have the confidence of the Resistance and which represented the Provisional Government of the French Republic, will assure an equitable distribution of food. The Provisional Government of the Republic appeals to the entire population to watch that supplies are safeguarded." The appeal was issued by the Military Governor of the French Republic.

PETAIN ABDICATES!

LONDON, Aug. 23.

The Swiss radio announced that the Swiss Government has withdrawn its diplomatic representatives from Vichy following the statement by Marshal Petain that he has been compelled by violence to leave Vichy and is, therefore, no longer effective Chief of the French State.—Reuter.

THIRD FRONT IN FRANCE

New American Landings From Bay Of Biscay

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.

A third Allied landing in France began on Tuesday night in the area of Bordeaux, according to the French military authorities in Hendaye on the France-Spanish border, quoted by the "Associated Press."

The landing is reported to have been co-ordinated with the attack by American and French columns which met on the outskirts of the city on Tuesday.

LONDON, August 23: The German News Agency said to-day that an American landing was made yesterday at Saint Jean-de-Luz.

(Saint Jean-de-Luz is near Biarritz close to the Franco-Spanish border on the Bay of Biscay.)

The German News Agency said: "Backed by French partisans, American Forces on August 22, after a heavy naval bombardment, landed a small group near Saint Jean-de-Luz on the French-Spanish frontier.

An attempt to reinforce this group under naval cover failed in the face of fire from German coastal guns".—Reuter.

STREET FIGHTING IN TOULON

Grenoble Captured; Fate Of Marseilles Sealed

LONDON, Aug. 23.

It is stated at the Allied Headquarters Mediterranean:

Today's Allied 'communique' said that the Americans entered Grenoble taking six other towns on the route.

The Algiers Radio France said this morning: "Allied troops, pushing in an easterly direction, are now less than eleven miles from the French-Italian frontier."

The Radio France also said that "French and Allied reconnaissance units are at the gates of Avignon.

Abdul Khalek Qureshi, special correspondent of the "Associated Press of India" at Allied Advanced Headquarters in the Mediterranean, says:—

INSIDE TOULON

Toulon is now completely gripped by Seventh Army forces on all sides, though the German garrison with hardly any chances of escape, is fighting like wild cats. Positions have been consolidated on all the principal highways radiating from the port city.

Within the city violent street fighting occurred with the French gaining to half way between the railway tracks and the famous naval arsenal.

FATE OF MARSEILLES

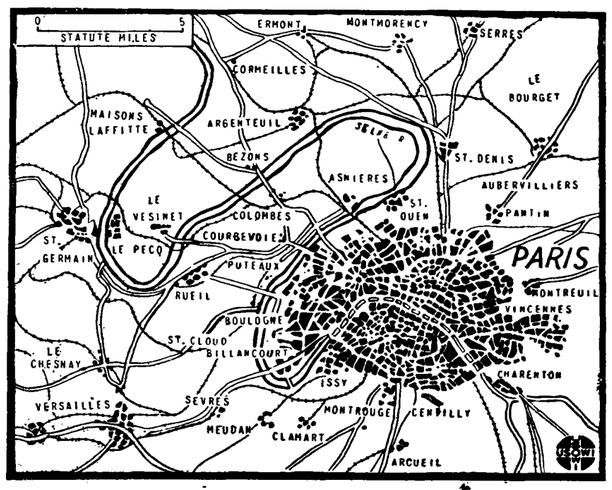
France's Number One port and Number Two city—Marseilles—awaits the same fate as Toulon.

From the west French forces approaching the outskirts of the town were last night less then three miles away. The highground to the north-east of Marseilles which directly overlooks the sea has been captured. Further north-west, the American encirclement thrust west of Aix was within three miles of Route 538, the only escape route from Marseilles, while along Route Seven, advanced elements are approaching Lambesc, about twelve miles west of the old provincial capital.

Today's Allied 'Communique' says:

American troops of the Seventh Army, in a swift advance northwards of some 140 airline mile from their point of landing in southern France, have entered the town of Grenoble. They have effective co-operation of the French forces of the Interior in their drive. The towns taken 'en route' include Digne, Sisteron, Aspres Gap, Aint Bonnet and Argentiere.

The capture of Grenoble, a town of 85,600 inhabitants and the capital of Isere Department, represents a great leap forward for the Allied invasion forces, Reuter adds. It was reported several days ago surrounded by French Forces of the Interior. French troops have occupied Hyeres and closed in on Toulon from the east. Heavy fighting continues inside Toulon. More than 17,000 prisoners were taken.



FIRST NEWS OF THE LIBERATION OF PARIS CAME IN A BROADCAST FROM A RADIO TRANSMITTER UNDER THE CONTROL OF THE F.F.I. WHICH APPEARS TO BE SITUATED EITHER IN PARIS OR VERY NEAR THE CITY.

Paris has been in German hands since seven o'clock on the morning of June 14, 1940, when German motorised units moved in and the city surrendered without a shot being fired.

Since then, first Bordeaux and then Vichy have been Capitals of France, while Paris under the German heel has waited for four years to come into her own again.

During that time German control clamped down more and more tightly. Parisians were deported to work in Germany. Those who remained were short of food. Separate restaurants and separate cinemas were set aside for German troops. Sometimes bombs went off in these cinemas.

LEASE-LEND TILL VICTORY IS WON

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23: President Roosevelt in his quarterly Lease-Lend report to Congress to-day declared: "Until the unconditional surrender of both Japan and Germany we should continue the Lease-Lend programme on whatever scale is necessary to have the combined striking power of all the United Nations as overwhelming and as effective as we can make it. We know now that by combining our power we can speed the day of certain victory. We know also that only by continuing our unity can we secure a just and durable peace".

The President placed the value of Lease-Lend services for the quarter ending June 30 at 4,045 million dollars and the grand total at 28,270 million dollars.—Reuter

HOARE NOT REPLACING WAVELL

LONDON, Aug. 23: From Reuter's political correspondent: Inquiries in authoritative quarters in London reveal that there is no foundation whatever for the report that Mr. Churchill is sending Sir Samuel Hoare to India as Viceroy and that Lord Wavell is to join the War Cabinet or to occupy a high military post in connection with the administration of liberated Europe.—Reuter.

Bhikubhai Sastri Surrenders

SURAT, Aug. 23.

Bhikubhai Sastri of Olpad who has been absconding surrendered to the police today.—A. P.

BIHAR JOURNAL CHALLENGES GOVT.

DEMAND INQUIRY INTO EPIDEMICS SITUATION

REPLY TO GOVT. WARNING

PATNA, August 23: In a two-column editorial this morning the Indian Nation referring to the "warning" issued by Government relating to the publication of news of epidemics in Bihar challenges the Government to disprove the facts published by that paper.

It suggests the appointment of an impartial commission immediately to enquire into the facts and figures of the epidemics and adds that if its findings are "in conformity with the Government point of view than the "Indian Nation" will tender an unconditional apology."

PROTEST AGAINST GOVT. WARNING.

The "Indian Nation" on its front page this morning carried a double column blank space with an announcement that as a protest against the "warning" issued against it by the Provincial Government in connection with the publication of news relating to epidemics in the Province, it has "refrained from publishing any news about the epidemics on its pages to-day."

"The warning", inter alia' accused the "Indian Nation" of carrying on a "campaign of deliberate and gross exaggeration and alarm with continued abuse of Government and distortions of the facts whose continuance will not be tolerated".

The letter received from Government by the "Indian Nation" further referred to the admonition "conveyed to that paper earlier by telephone and added" the present campaign conducted by the "Indian Nation", whatever its intentions, is in the opinion of the Provincial Government calculated to 'destroy public confidence' and to bring Government into contempt".

The "Searchlight" also writes in similar strain on the epidemic situation in North Bihar and criticises the Health Adviser to the Governor for having stated that the epidemic situation in North Bihar is not as serious as a section of the Press would make it.

Mr. Anugraha Narayan Sinha, ex-Finance Minister and General Secretary, Bihar Relief Co-ordination Committee, left for Ranchi last evening in response to an invitation from the Health Adviser to the Governor to discuss the epidemic situation in North Bihar.—A. P.

RELEASE FUNDS FOR BIHAR RELIEF

RANCHI, August 22.

An application has been received by the Provincial Government from Dr. Rajendra Prasad (in detention) asking for the release of rupees 25,000 from the balances of the Bihar Central Relief Trust for epidemic relief in North Bihar.

A press note announcing this says: "The Provincial Government are in correspondence with both the Bihar Central Relief Trust and the All-India Spinners' Association regarding the release of funds of the Bihar Central Relief Trust lent to the All-India Spinners' Association by the Bihar Central Relief Trust.

"It is understood almost the entire balance at the disposal of the Bihar Central Relief Trust amounting to a little over two lakhs of rupees is lying with the All-India Spinners' Association.—A. P.

Battle Of Marne Begins

LONDON, August 23.

The British Broadcasting Corporation in its European service to-day said: "According to a report the Americans have reached the Marne at Meaux".

Reuter has no confirmation of this report from other sources.

Battle For Fontainebleau

S. H. A. E. F. Aug. 23: Allied forces are operating in the forest of Fontainebleau, but have not yet got into the town itself. The other American drive which pressed on to Sens was south of this area.

North-west of Paris, the enveloping movement is continuing well. One column is advancing between the Seine and the Eure and west of the Eure, another column has reached the area of Evreux. A substantial area between Vimoutiers and Laigle has been cleared.

The Canadian army pursuit in the north is pressing relentlessly on. It has pushed beyond Orbec towards Bernay. The Allies now have three crossings over the river Touques between Lisieux and Pont L'Eveque. The Canadians took 6,000 prisoners yesterday and to-day's total is expected to be higher.

In the Falaise—Argentan pocket between 40,000 and 50,000 prisoners were taken. Here was also an enormous number of German dead, but the total is not yet known.

NEW ATTACKS LAUNCHED.

The German News Agency war correspondent in the west, Alex Schmallfuss, to-day reported that the American Twenty-eighth Army Corps nave launched new attacks beyond Nemours and towards Fontainebleau. Between Mantes and Bonnieres, the Allies have crossed the Seine and established bridgehead on the eastern bank.

HOT PURSUIT.

The German 'communique' to-day reported that the Allies are hotly pursuing German disengaging movements west of the Seine.

The 'communique' said

"West of the lower Seine, the enemy is hotly pursuing our disengaging movement towards River Touques sector on either side of Lisieux.

At Evreux and west of the town as well as between the Eure and the Seine, our divisions are offering tenacious resistance to the enemy who is attacking with strong forces northwards. Only at the cost of heavy losses was he able to make slight territorial gains.

Our counterattacks against the enemy bridgehead at Mantes threw the enemy back further towards the river after heavy fighting.

South of Paris, the enemy attacked our advanced screens with strong forces and pushed them back on the Seine.

Further to the south, fighting is in progress on the Yonne.

In southern France, the garrison of Toulon is holding out in grim fighting against the attacking enemy.

To-day's S.H.E.A.F. 'communique' says: South of Lisieux our troops have established a broad bridgehead extending for several miles further east across the Orbec River. Other troops have advanced across the River Vie through Vimoutiers, crossed the River Touques and reached the area of the Town, Orbec.

Continuing the advance from Gace our troops have captured Laigle. The Falaise pocket has been eliminated.

Nazi Defences Cracked

American columns attacking to the west of the Seine, today cracked through the German defensive screen and captured the towns of St Andre de Leure, 15 miles north of Dreux, Nonancourt, 8 miles north-west of Dreux and Verneuil 22 miles west of Dreux.

From these positions they are threatening the German forces which escaped through the gap.

Allied troops have taken Sens, 60 miles south-east of Paris. At Deauville, the Allies have a bridge over Touques.

AMERICA WATCHES INDIA

U. S. PUBLIC OPINION CONDEMNS WAVELL'S REFUSAL TO SEE MAHATMA

(From A Special Correspondent)

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.

Lord Wavell's refusal to see Mahatma Gandhi at present has been widely published in the United States, but there is little serious comment in the American press.

The pressure of European war news is partially responsible for this, but Mahatma Gandhi's next move is awaited with interest in both Indian circles and official circles in Washington. Observers here are reluctant to guess at what the next development will be, but this "wait and see" attitude has not prevented some Americans from expressing criticism of Lord Wavell's decision.

Mr. Emanuel Celler, a member of the House of Representatives, declared "The British are obviously stalling. Apparently now that Gandhiji has decided to bite, the British have decided to withdraw the bait."

Mr. Walters Judd, another member of the House of Representatives, commented "there is bound to be continued disintegration in India, unless the British accept reconciliation. The question of India is being closely watched both in the Far East and throughout the United States.

A missionary to India Mr. E. Stanley Jones told me by telephone from Blue Ridge, "the growing gap between East and West can be healed at the place—India—provided there is a date set now for India's freedom. Mr. Jones continued, "the refusal of Lord Wavell to see Gandhi is ominous, and has struck dismay in the hearts of many who had hoped that he would be a statesman big enough to deal with the reality of this widening gulf in a decisive and healing way Is Allied statesmanship bankrupt? If so, the next generation will pay for it with its own blood."

This question of independence for nations will also be taken up by Russel Davenport in a article to be published in the next issue of the "American Mercury" magazine.

In his article, Devenport, who is a former managing Editor of the influential magazine "Fortune", will declare, "the purpose for which the United States was founded and in which it must persist is to make men free."

Davenport adds "freedom cannot be exclusive. Potentially or in fact, it must include all mankind. Those who interpret American purpose as world purpose are accused of unwarranted idealism. Yet, they are really more practical than their 'isolationist' opponents. They see clearly that the surest way to preserve our own freedom is to expand the base of freedom beyond our own shores—to help others to be free and get them on our own side".

Recent appeal sent to the British Ambassador, Lord Halifax, by the India League of America, appealing for the release of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and other Indian leaders underlines the increasing interest taken by Americans in political questions and events abroad. The appeal was signed by more than one hundred well-known Americans.

The League received formal acknowledgement from Lord Halifax, but there is no further news on the matter. The League, I understand, is endeavouring to enlist the aid of some more prominent Americans in its work. In this connection, the American auther, Pearl Buck is being asked to identify herself more closely with the organization. It is believed she will accept the invitation.

NEW ARRIVALS.

Recent arrivals in the United States include Colonel Kumar Himatshinhji, General Staff Officer, Indian Army. He has been permanently assigned to the Indian Agency-General's staff as Military adviser on Indian Military affairs. He left India more than three months ago, and while proceeding to the United States via Italy and England, visited all War fronts with the exception of Normandy.

Sir Gurunath Bewoor, Secretary of the Posts and Telegraphs Department of the Government of India is also at present in Washington.

USELESS TO EXPECT AMERICAN HELP

BOMBAY, August 23.

"It will be useless to expect any active American help in the settlement of our political problems", said Sir R. K. Shanmukham Chetty in an interview. He said that there was no doubt that America had sympathy with Indian political aspirations. It would be true to say that Americans as a whole would like to see India as an independent country at as early a date as possible.

One found evidence of a breaking of conscience as it were that if the Indian political problem was not solved satisfactorily America would be accused of having given expression to meaningless sentiments about a better world in which peoples of different countries would be free to determine their own political destinies.

"The average American, however, Sir Shanmukham said, was not showing very much practical interest in Indian political developments. For example though the last two months in India had been full of political news of first rate importance, there had been only very meagre references to these in the American Press.

LATEST COMMERCIAL

COTTON (OCTOBER).

	New York, Aug. 23.
Previous Closing	21.50
To-day's Opening	21.54
Difference	+04
To-cay's Closing	21.39
Difference	—11

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

New York, August 23.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—

General Motors unquoted.

Anaconda Copper Mining dol. 26-3/4.

U. S. Steel Corporation Common dol. 58-1/4.

Preference unquoted.—Reuter.

LATE NEWS

VASLUI CAPTURED.

MOSCOW, Aug. 23: Vaslui, an important communication centre and German strong point between the Sereth and the Purth was captured by Russian tanks and infantry today, says an Order of the Day from Marshal Stalin.

Vaslui is 38 miles south of Jassy and 85 miles north of Galatz.—Reuter.

ALLIES IN MARSEILLES.

LONDON, Aug. 23.

Allied Headquarters in the Mediterranean state:—The Allies have entered Marseilles. The occupation was achieved by the French. Most of the port fell without much resistance, it is stated at the headquarters. —Reuter.

PERPIGNAN FREED.

LONDON, Aug. 23: Radio France (Algiers) to-night reported that French Forces of the Interior have liberated Perpignan.—Reuter.

NAZI RETREAT.

LONDON, Aug. 23: The German News Agency announced to-night: "German forces south of the Seine have been taken back to a shorter position which can be more easily manned by their number."—Reuter.

Smokers who are 'particular'...
their particularness help them to pick out a brand, with rich flavour — and STATESMAN IS USUALLY THE CHOICE.
Statesman Cigarettes
10 CIGARETTES
It is the cigarettes which make the brand and not the brand which makes the cigarette — Statesman are essentially cigarettes — CHOICE AS A STATESMAN.

ALL MARRIAGES CAN BE HAPPY -
SHANTA:-"HAPPINESS IS A LOT OF SMALL THINGS THAT PLEASE."
MALTI:-"TRUE, BUT WHERE IS ONE TO BEGIN?"
SHANTA:-"PLEASE YOUR MAN WITH LITTLE THINGS & COMFORTS & HE WILL KNOW YOUR TRUE VALUE. TAKE TEA, FOR INSTANCE - A GOOD CUP WILL DO WONDERS AT THE END OF A TIRING DAY."
MALTI:-"BUT I CAN'T BUY GOOD TEA THAT IS ALSO ECONOMICAL."
SHANTA:-"NONSENSE MALTI, TRY LIPTON'S HIMALAYAN BLEND & YOU HAVE BOTH. IT WILL PLEASE HIM & CHEER HIM."
MALTI:-"I'LL TAKE YOUR ADVICE BUT I STILL CAN'T BELIEVE IT."
HUSBAND OF MALTI:-"WHY DO MEN GO OUT FOR A CUP OF TEA WHEN THEY CAN HAVE IT SO MUCH BETTER AT HOME, MALTI?"
MALTI:-"I AM SO GLAD YOU THINK SO. WOULD YOU LIKE ME TO BRING YOU A BOOK?"
Lipton's
HIMALAYAN BLEND PURE DARJEELING tea
LTK 65

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Does the antiseptic you use actually kill germs? Listerine Antiseptic destroys 95% of the mouth and throat germs in 30 seconds time. It is unequalled for safe, effective use. Protect your health and sweeten your breath with Listerine Antiseptic.
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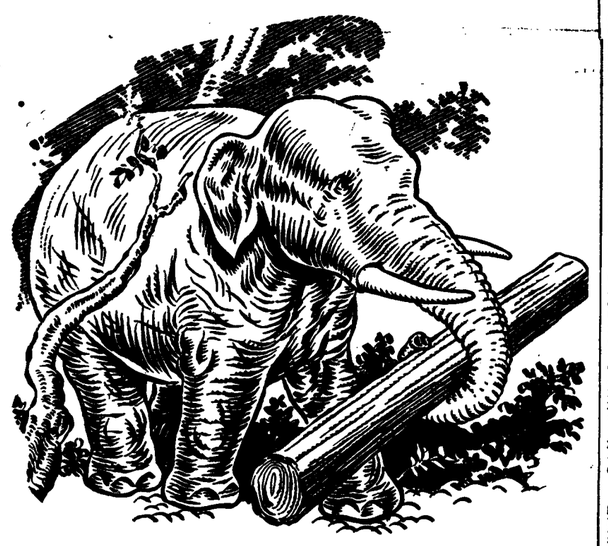
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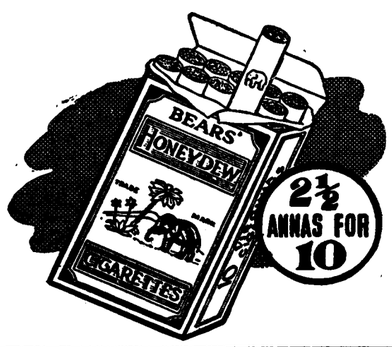

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KEYNES TORPEDOED INDIA'S CASE AT BRETTON-WOODS

Sir Shanmukham And Shroff Relate Story Of Humiliations And Frustration At World Monetary Conference

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The slow process by which the case for India was turned down and every compromise proposal put forward by the Indian delegation for the inclusion of India's sterling balances within the purview of the proposed International Monetary Fund was described by Sir R. K. Shanmukham Chetty and Mr. A. D. Shroff, members of the Indian Delegation to the International Monetary Conference at Bretton-Woods, in an interview to the press today.

CALL TO LONDON

They indicated, however, that His Majesty's Government, will, in the near future invite representatives of the Government of India to the United Kingdom for exploratory talks to find a solution of the problem of sterling balances.

Although Sir R. K. Shanmukham Chetty and Mr. Shroff had nothing but praise for Sir Jeremy Raisman they said that it was humiliating that the delegation should have been headed by a non-national. Citing an instance of how political considerations prevailed at the conference, they pointed out that on purely economic grounds, India should have secured a place on the Executive Committee of the Fund which was reserved to the five member-countries paying the highest quota.

Story Of Bretton-Woods

In the course of the interview they said:—

"When the General Policy Committee met at Bombay in the first week of May to discuss the joint statement of principles regarding the International Monetary Fund, it was made clear that the non-official delegates associated with the Indian delegation to the Conference would be at liberty not merely to place the Indian point of view before the Conference without any reservation but that they should have the liberty to explain their position to the Indian public in case there was any divergence of views amongst the members of the delegation. Fortunately for us the Indian delegation worked as a united team and we agreed on all fundamental points affecting India. Sir Jeremy Raisman, the Chairman of the Indian Delegation, gave us the fullest scope to express our point of view at the Conference and also supported us. Our task was, therefore, made easy at the Conference.

Having paid this tribute to Sir Jeremy Raisman we must, however, bring to the notice of the Indian public that amongst the 44 delegates represented at the Conference the Indian delegation was the only one which was headed by a non-national. This position was often times embarrassing and almost humiliating.

We must express our considered opinion that if the prestige of India is to be maintained at International gatherings the leader of the Indian delegation should always be an Indian national.

UNITED NATIONS' SHOW

The Conference which met at Bretton-Woods was convened by the Government of the United States and it was attended by delegates of 44 of the United Nations and a representative of Denmark attended it in a non-official capacity. It was because this conference was a meeting of the members of the United Nations that neutral countries like Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and Turkey were not represented at the conference.

The two main topics discussed at this conference were the establishment of a Monetary Fund and the establishment of an International Bank for reconstruction and development. The United States Government had prepared tentative proposals which formed the basis for discussion. A few days before the Conference actually met experts representing some of the major countries met at Atlantic City to prepare the agenda for the conference. India was represented at this preliminary meeting by Sir Theodore Gregory, economic adviser to the government of India.

INDIAN ISSUE

At a meeting of the Indian Delegation held at New York soon after their arrival in the United States it was decided that Sir Jeremy Raisman and Sir Chintaman Deshmukh should also attend the meeting at Atlantic City particularly with the object of seeing that the issue of Sterling Balances was included in the agenda of the Conference. The Indian representatives at the Atlantic City meeting succeeded in persuading the other delegations to include this subject in the agenda.

The conference began with a message from President Roosevelt and after the President's speech it divided itself into three Commissions, (1) for the Fund, (2) for the Bank and (3) for the consideration of miscellaneous matters.

The first Commission was presided over by Harry White, author of the White's Plan, the second commission by Lord Keynes and the third by the Finance Minister of Brazil. India was represented at these Commissions. These Commissions in turn appointed a number of sub-committees to deal with various matters. Sir C. Deshmukh was chairman of one of the sub-committees dealing with the establishment of the Bank.

The main interest centred round the establishment of the International Monetary Fund and its purposes. The main function of this Fund is to stabilise international exchanges and to avoid unilateral action on the part of individual countries by way of competitive currency depreciation exchange quotas and import restrictions and such other obstacles to a free flow of international trade.

PROBLEM OF BACKWARD COUNTRIES

The Indian Delegation wanted to include a clause to emphasise the need for the development of economically backward countries as one of the main purposes which the Fund must have in view for its operation. A number of amendments were moved by the Indian Delegation to give effect to this purpose but though unfortunately the final draft adopted at the conference did not fully meet our point of view,

it was pointed out to us that the growth of international trade would necessarily lead to the development of economically backward countries.

Our contention was that the mere expansion of international trade will not by itself suit countries like India. The flow of agricultural products is one direction and of industrial and manufactured products in another direction would increase the total volume of international trade and will not thereby promote the industrially and economically backward country like India.

We maintained that to secure a balanced economy of the world a serious attempt should be made on an international basis to help the industrial expansion of countries like India.

It is only by these means that the standard of life of the people of these countries can be increased and Though there was a general expression of sympathy with our point of their purchasing power enhanced. view, our amendments were not acceptable. And the clause as it was drafted in the end can be said to meet our point of view only partially.

"SACROSANCT"

The next point on which the Indian Delegation laid emphasis was the inclusion of the abnormal war balances within the purview of the Fund. The Indian Delegation tabled suitable amendments to achieve this object. The Egyptian Delegation which was faced with a similar problem, though on a much smaller scale, tabled similar amendments.

To our regret, our amendments were stoutly opposed both by the United Kingdom Delegation, United States Delegation and the The total sterling balances accumulating in London is expected to be in the neighbourhood of 12,000 million dollars, out of which 4,000 million dollars will be on Indian account. Our contention was that to leave such a huge balance outside the scope of the Fund would very largely defeat the objects of the Fund by forcibly creating bilateral trade agreement of which it was intended to discourage.

Our final amendment was that at least a portion of the balance should be brought within the purview of the Fund so as not to cause undue strain on the resources of the Fund.

KEYNES DOES IT

We were prepared to submit detailed proposals in this regard if the principle of our amendment was accepted but Lord Keynes refused to agree under any circumstances to include any portion of this balance in the operation of the Fund and said that the liquidation of this balance must form the subject of a bilateral agreement between the British Government and the countries concerned. The U.S.A. Government supported the British Delegation's point of view and to our regret not a single supporter could be found from amongst the other Delegations for our point of view.

On the other hand some of the delegations of the exiled governments of Europe created difficulties in our way by putting forward the extraordinary contention that if these sterling balances were included now they would press for the inclusion of debts owed to them by Germany and other enemy countries. Their attitude, therefore, was not merely unhelpful but positively obstructive.

Even though we failed in our attempt in this direction, we were able to persuade Lord Keynes to make a categorical declaration that under no circumstances will there be any repudiation of these debts by the British Government. He said that these obligations, honourable and freely given, would be met scrupulously and honorably. The further negotiations regarding these matters will have to be carried on between the British Government and the Government of India.

TO SETTLE IT IN LONDON

We had a number of informal talks with Lord Keynes and Sir Wilfred Eady, representative of the British Treasury, on this subject. We made it plain to them that the feeling in India on this subject was very strong and that there must be an early settlement of the whole question to the satisfacton of the Indian public. It was suggested to us that we might go to London to have some exploratory talks on this subject. As it was found, however, that Lord Keynes and certain other members of the British Treasury would not be available in London till the end of August we could not proceed to London. It was indicated to us that the British Government will at a very early date, invite representatives of the Government of India, for negotiations on this subject."

POLITICS DICTATES

Referring to the quota allotted to India in the Fund, Sir Shanmukham and Mr. A. D. Shroff said that India was given the sixth place, the first five countries being the United States, United Kingdom, Soviet Russia, China and France. It was decided that the five holders of the largest quota would have permanent seats on the Executive Committee.

"It is our contention" they said "that if purely economic considerations are applied as it was originally intended, India must get a higher place but unfortunately political considerations prevailed and it is purely on these considerations that India was excluded."

"In view of the final decisions of this conference" they added "it would be a matter for serious consideration what attitude India should take. It is a matter of extreme uncertainty whether the American Congress will finally ratify the decisions reached at this conference. The Fund can come into operation if members representing not less than sixty-five per cent of the members agree to join it. There is sufficient time for India to consider the whole problem in all its aspects. No Government or State is committed to the schemes evolved at this Conference. Each Delegation will submit the final decision of the conference to its respective Governments which in turn will consult its own legislative bodies."

FUND AND BANK

Referring to the establishment of the International Bank Sir Shunmukham said that the total subscriptions to the bank was 9,200 million dollars and subscriptions also follow the quotas allocated to the Fund except in the case of the United States which had subscribed to the fund over 3,000 million dollars. The Bank was intended to finance reconstruction and development schemes on long-term basis mainly by guaranteeing international loans. The membership of the bank was conditional upon the country becoming a member of the Monetary Fund. While the membership of the Bank conferred advantages the membership of the fund imposed severe obligations.

TEN-YEAR PLAN FOR EXPANSION OF SERICULTURE IN KASHMIR

SRINAGAR, Aug. 21.

A ten-year plan for expanding the sericulture industry with a view to doubling the out-put of raw silk in the State, has been put into operation by the Kashmir Government.

The sericulture industry of Kashmir has been providing wholetime work to about 5,000 people and part-time occupation to 50,000 families. On the basis of a comprehensive report by the Chief Director of Sericulture in the State, the Government has 'inter alia' started a campaign for mulbery plantations at the rate of 2 to 2 1/2 lakhs of plants in Kashmir and 50,000 in Jammu per annum. An up-to-date conditioning house and well-equipped sericulture institute are being established while steps are being taken to improve all sericulture operations, including sechoiring of cocoons.

Recently some supplies of Chinese silk-worm seed have been obtained which are said to have given satisfactory results.

It is further understood that, as a post-war measure, the State is contemplating to utilise all raw silk and silk wastes produced in factories within the State itself, which will 'inter alia' involves the installation of a big spinning mill for which negotiations are proceeding.—United Press.

Writers' Home In Memory Of Mahadev

LUCKNOW, August, 22.

Decision to establish a Writers' Home in memory of the late Mahadeo Desai was arrived in a meeting of the Working Committee of the U. P. Students Federation held here last evening under the presidentship of Ram Sunker Shukla, president of the U. P. Students' Federation.

The home will have its own library and press and the writers joining this home will devote themselves to creative literary work on all subjects from nationalist point of view.

It is understood that Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, Sir S. Radhakrishnan, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Mr. S. A. Brelvi, Mr. K. M. Munshi, Kazi Nazrulesiam, Josh Malihabadi, Sunitranandan, and Pant Nirala are being approached to join the promoters of the Committee. Ashoknath Verma, General Secretary of the U. P. Students' Federation, is the convener of the committee.—United Press.

Communist Help To Bengal Relief

CALCUTTA, August 23: Hazara Begum, a Communist leader of the United Provinces, after having toured the important districts of the province, has raised a sum of Rs. 21,800 which she has sent to the Bengal Medical Relief Co-ordination Committee.—United Press.

Dhobi-damage AGAIN!
— and everything so expensive

Yes, that dhobi will ruin you, if you let him go on doing this. Think what it's going to cost you — at present prices — to replace the things he tears! You mustn't tolerate his destructive methods any longer. They're not only wasteful — they're unnecessary. Clothing and household linen can be beautifully washed, without the slightest risk of damage, by the Sunlight "Soap-and-Save" method. It's a gentle method — no beating, no hard rubbing. The "self-acting" lather of Sunlight Soap just *lifts* the dirt out of dirty clothes — makes them cleaner and whiter than the dhobi will, and without harming a thread. Explain the simple directions given below to your servant, and do save cloth and your money by having everything Sunlight-washed at home.

TEACH YOUR SERVANT THE SUNLIGHT "SOAP AND-SAVE" METHOD

1. Thoroughly soak the clothes. This makes the fabric ready for soaping.
2. Rub Sunlight all over the clothes. On particularly dirty places rub Sunlight *generously*.
3. Gently knead the soap into the clothes. Don't beat. Sunlight's "self-acting" lather will loosen all the dirt from the fabric *and hold it*.
4. Rinse well — rinse out every speck of lather, for the lather now contains the dirt. An extra dirty garment may require another soaping.

SUNLIGHT SOAP SAVES CLOTHES

8-70-100 LEVER BROTHERS (INDIA) LIMITED

Aids To Tyre Care

SPECIAL PAINT used on wheel rims and tyres saves corrosion and rot. It adds extra life to the rubber.
Strong RUBBER PATCHES and the FINEST SOLUTION make the most lasting repairs. A PRESSURE GUAGE used regularly every week ensures that your tyres are neither under nor over inflated.

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50TH GOLDEN JUBILEE WEEK

Matinee To-morrow 1-15 p.m.

RAJKAMAL'S & V. SHANTARAM'S
SHAKUNTALA
Starring JAYASHREE
Daily 4, 7, 10.
Fri., Sat. Sun. 1-15 p. m.
SWASTIK

21ST WEEK OF POPULAR TRIUMPH
Matinee To-morrow 1 p.m.
(Marathi)
RAJKAMAL'S & V SHANTARAM'S
MALI
(Hindustani & Marathi)

Daily: Hindi: 4, 7, Marathi 10 p.m
Fri., Sat. Sun. 1 p. m.
NOVELTY

THE TALK OF THE TOWN - - PRAKASH'S
KAVITA

Starring:
RATNAMALA. UMAKANT JEEVAN, etc.
Direction:
K. J. PARMAR & MAHESHCHANDRA
DRAWING CROWDS AT
CAPITOL
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30
Advance Booking: 10 to 12 and 3 to 5
AN 'EVERGREEN' RELEASE

3rd Gay Week!
Laugh Away your Blues!
See KARDAR'S
"SANJOG"
AT
IMPERIAL
Daily: 4, 7 and 10 p. m.
Sat., Sun. at 1-30 p.m

BEAUTIFUL FOLK DANCES AND MELODIOUS SONGS!
4th WEEK
from Tomorrow
Wadia Movietone's
KRISHNABHAKTA
BODANA
Producer-Director
J. B. H. WADIA
AT
KRISHNA
Dubash Theatre
Daily 4, 7 & 10 p. m.
Advance Booking 10 to 12 & 3 to 6

An Oomph-Gal Meets A Dandy-Doodle-Doc!
Director KISHORE SAHU'S
Rollicking Comedy!
SHARARAT
K. SAHU, PROTIMA DAS GUPTA, SUSHIL SAHU and R. GUPTA
LAMINGTON
Daily: 4-30, 7-15, & 10 p.m
(Book in Advance)

TODAY ON RADIO

(THURSDAY, AUG. 24.)
BOMBAY—1.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—8-0 a.m. Narayanrao Vyas. 8-5 News (H.). 8-15 News (E.). 8-30 V. Paluskar. 8-50 News (M.). 9-0 News (G.). 9-10 To-morrow. 9-15 Ahmed Dilawar. 9-30 Indira Bai Wadkar. 9-45 AIR Trio.

12-30 p.m. Light Melodes. 12-45 News (M.) 12-50 News (G.). 12-55 News (H.) 1-0 Music From Film. 1-30 News (E.). 1-40 Music. 4-20 School Broadcast (E.). 5-0 Gulab Bai (Bijapur). 5-15 Instrumental Quartet. 5-30 Mosam Ke Raag. 5-55 Local Announcements. 6-0 Children's Half-Hour (H.). 6-30 News (E.). 6-40 News (H.). 6-45 News Commentary (G.). 6-50 Music from Film. 7-0 Board Meets (G.) 7-15 D. V. Paluskar. 7-45 Gulab Bai. 8-0 Alap and Gat. 8-15 In News. 8-20 Music. 8-25 News (M.). 8-35 News (G.). 8-45 Your Garden (E.). 9-0 News (H.). 9-20 News (E.). 9-30 B. B. C. News. 9-45 About Books. 10-0 Tuna Portuguesa. 10-30 Interlude 10-35 George Lester. 10-45 Brazilian Songs.

BOMBAY—2.

61.48 m. (4,880 kc/s)—8-0 to 8-5 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 8-5 Azam Bai. 8-15 to 8-50 As in Bombay 1 8-50 D. V. Paluskar 9-10 to 10-0 As in Bombay 1.

41-44 m. (7,240 kc/s) 2 to 2-30 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 2-30 Close down. 4-20 to 7-15 p.m As in Bombay. 1. 7-15 to 7-30 Interval.

61.48 m. (4,880 kc/s)—7-30 p.m. Commercial News. 7-42 Musical Interlude. 7-45 Calling Rural Listeners. 8-15 to 8-25 As in Bombay 1. 8-25 Ahmed Dilawar. 8-45 to 9-0 As in Bombay 1. 9-0 Gulab Bai. 9-15 Gottuvadyam Recital. 9-30 Ahmed Dilawar. 9-45 to 10-0 As in Bombay 1. 10-0 "Bandeeshala"—Part 1. 10-30 D. V. Paluskar. 11-0 Close down

WEEK 8th!
MAJESTIC Daily 4 7, 10
20th Royal'-Jewel
"PRATIDNYA"
Co-Starring
MOTILAL & BABY MEENA
'ZENANA'
Show THURSDAY 1 p m.

REGAL ('Phone 35017)
3rd Week!
Gary Cooper — Ingrid Bergman
Katina Paxinov — Akim Tamiroff
in Paramount's
"FOR WHOM THE BELL TOLLS"
(In Technicolor)
Rates: Rs. 5, 4, 2-4 2 & 1

11th WEEK OF CROWDS
Director
JAYANT DESAI'S
Family Social
MANORAMA
LEELA CHITNIS, ISHWARLAL, CHARLIE
NEW WEST END
Daily. 4. 7 and 10 p.m.
Advance Booking
10 to 12 and 3 to 6 p.m.

ZANANA SHOW TOMORROW 1 P. M.
Laxmi's Love Lyric
KADAMBARI
SHANTA APTE, VANMALA, & PAHARI
15TH WEEK
ROXY
Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30
Advance Booking 9-30 to 12 and 3-30 to 6

PRABHAKAR PICTURES
Coming Picture
Will Remind the People of India
This Land is Mine
Ours is the Golden Land
And We shall have it
SUVARNA BHOOMI
A SOCIAL WITH A PURPOSE
Producer And Director
BHALJI PENDHARKAR
Starring:
★ LEELA BAI
★ SUVARNALATA
★ NANDREKAR
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:World Rights:
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CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Bhadrapad Shud 5, 2000.
Muslim Ramzan 4, 1363.
Parsi: Aspandarmad 25, 1313.
Sunrise: 7-22 a.m. Sunset 8-0 p.m.
Hightide: 3-44, 15-10.
Lowtide 9-18, 21-59.

To-day's Engagements

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.

Special Jurors' attention is drawn to the notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Public Study Class on "The Origin of Man", 8-15 p.m., Putla House, Bhaudaji Road, Matunga.

GOA HINDU ASSOCIATION: The Foundation Day, at Laxmi Bag, 9 p.m., under the presidentship of Mr. J. P. Wellingker.

GANESH UTSAV: Kumari Nirmaladevi Sanghvi will speak in Hindi in the premises of Y. M. H. A., Vithalbhai Patel Road, Girgaum, at 7 p.m., on "Religion and Nationalism."

MR. MAMA'S LECTURE: 6-15 p.m., at Mazdaznan Temple Hall, opp. Churchgate Station, Mr. N. F. Mama, on "The Charm of a Pious Poem."

STUDENTS CO-OP. STORES: Meeting of the shareholders of the Students Co-operative Stores at Forbes Hall, near Congress House, to-day (Thursday), at 6 p.m.

Gilani Removed To Hospital

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Mr. H. Z. Gilani who is being detained in the Arthur Road Prison, has been admitted into the J. J. Hospital.

Mr. Gilani, it will be remembered, was arrested in September 1942 and was sent up for trial twice. On both occasions he was acquitted. He, however, still continues to be under detention. Due to ill-health he was once released on parole.

Harin Chattopadhyaya To Speak On People's Theatre

Under the auspices of the Indian People's Theatre Association, a public meeting will be held on Sunday, August 27, at 6-30 p.m., at Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge, Chowpatty, when Harindranath Chattopadhyaya will speak on "My Conception of the People's Theatre". He will also read out some parts from his new play. The People's Theatre Squad will provide some songs.

Haj Pilgrimage

NEW DELHI, Aug. 23.

Nawabzada Liaquat Ali Khan, Hon. Secretary, All-India Muslim League, has issued the following statement to the press:—

"I am glad the Government of India have, in deference to the wishes of the Musalmans of India, decided to make arrangements for Muslims to go on Haj pilgrimage this year. The 'Communique' issued by the Government says that accommodation in ships will be provided only for a limited number of pilgrims. I hope the limit prescribed will not be too narrow and as large a number of Muslims will be enabled to go on the holy pilgrimage as is possible under the prevailing conditions".—A. P.

SEPARATE COLLEGE FOR GIRLS

Although apparently the public seems to favour co-education there is ample evidence to show that there is scope and a successful future for a separate college for girls with several alternative special courses of study in addition to the Bombay University course. This was the opinion expressed by Mrs. Yamunabai Hirlekar, Principal, I.E.S. Girls' School, Dadar, in a lecture delivered by her at the Brahman Sabha Hall, Bombay. She said a Girls' College would surely offer greater opportunities for self-expression and development of the latent intellectual abilities of the girls which was really the ultimate aim of a sound system of education. Education should not be confined to books and admired like an ornament but must be revealed in its application in solving the daily problems of life and must be like the currency which serves some purpose. A separate college for girls did not mean a purdha college. The social opportunity to come into contact with men could easily be brought about without mixing the issue with educational institutions. There are as many as 30 women's colleges all over India in progressive cities where there was no purdha for example; 8 being in Madras, 8 in Calcutta, 1 in Travancore, 1 in Nagpur and so on. A well-qualified staff of men and women experts in their own subject could ensure a high academic standard.

Concluding Mrs. Hirlekar said: What we want is a brilliant womanhood of future India who is steeped in the culture of the East and the education of the West, strong and confident to brave all vicissitudes of life. A well planned scheme of education can alone achieve this object."

BOMBAY STUDENTS' CITY CONFERENCE

Mr. Prabhakar Kunte, the General Secretary of the Bombay Students' Union (42, Kennedy Bridge) and Mr. R. J. Joshi, the General secretary of the North Bombay Students' Union, in a joint statemennt regarding the Students' Conference say:—

The City Students' Conference is proposed to be on 2nd and 3rd September. The delegates to the Conference will be elected from every educational institution in proportion to the strength of the institution. Every 50 students will elect one representative at their own who will be entitled to vote at the time of the Conference. The elections for the Conference will take place on 28th and 29th August. Different Committees have been formed and they have commenced their work at the preparation for the coming Conference.

The time, at our disposal, being very short we request all the students and student workers to offer their heartiest co-operation to make this Conference a grand success. The Conference gives us a chance to express our opinions on matters political and educational.

CUTCH CINEMAS MONOPOLISED

(From Our Correspondent.)
BHUJ, August 23.

Messrs. Popatlal Hiralal & Co. a grain distributing company, who holds monopoly of distributing grains and sugar all over Cutch have extended their activities in other directions. Recently, this Company has purchased all talkies and cinemas in many Cutch towns, viz., Bhuj, Mandvi, Mundra and Anjar and named them as "Modern Talkies". Thus this company has monopolised cinemas. The market was closed owing to Jains' Pachushan holidays last night.

The Viceroy talking to F/O N. K. Shitoley belonging to an I.A.F. squadron which he visited during his recent trip to the Burma War Front.

'TIMES' ON PAN-ARAB UNITY MOVE

LONDON, Aug. 22: "The Times" in a leader to-day discusses the proposed Pan-Arab Conference on Arab Union.

The perpetuation of the Middle East supply centre in a suitably modified form as a permanent clearing house for common economic policies and projects would it suggests, go a long way to promote both prosperity and unity in the Mediterranean countries, though the practical difficulties in such a plan will be considerable. "Arab countries of to-day are in different stages of political and economic revolution and while the need for a union is generally appreciated, union is not everywhere desired for the same reasons. Economically advancing countries like Egypt and Iraq are conscious of strong ties with the Western world and their interest in an Arab Union derives largely from the support it will lend to the preservation of their internal autonomy by offsetting Western pressure in the political and economic spheres. On the other hand conservative states like Saudi Arabia—whose ruler is a great figure in the Arab world to-day—and Yemen, separated as they are from the Middle East bloc by hundreds of miles of desert, are probably more interested in the preservation and integrity of Islam as a religious and political force. There are also national and personal jealousies of some importance.

"Yet transcending all the factors of disunity are two considerations of supreme independence—pride in a common cultural heritage and a religion that union is strength."

After a reference to Palestine's problems in this connection "The Times" adds: "The Pan-Arab Conference, if it is successful, may thus do something towards solving one of the most difficult questions of the day. But apart from this its deliberations would mark a stage in the advance of Arab countries to the formulation of a common policy towards common problems.

"That Britain will view with sympathy any system for Arab unity, which Arab initiative may unanimously devise was made clear by the Foreign Secretary in February last". —Reuter.

"INDIA'S DEFENCE IMPOSSIBLE"

Unless Services Equipped With Latest Precision Instruments

(From Our Correspondent)
RAJPIPLA, Aug. 21

"India it is often said has got a vast population and resources and can raise as large an Army, Navy and Air Force as it wants at any time. But however large India's Army, Navy and Air Force might become, they would be utterly and completely useless unless they were equipped with the latest type of precision instruments, and training in the important trade of the manufacture and repairs of precision instruments is given at the Instrument Mechanics Centre at Hindupur in Mysore State." Thus said Mr. I. A. Ezekiel, Assistant Director of Publicity and Recruitment, in the course of a public speech in Rajpipla, delivered under the presidency of the Dewan Saheb Khan Bahadur B. D. Kothawalla.

"Matriculates can be admitted here, and get a scholarship of Rs. 59 per month with free board and lodging" he said.

"The training lasts for a year or so and after passing the necessary examination the boys are taken on in Government service. Eight hundred boys can be trained at this centre at a time.

From the point of view of industrial development also the training given here is of supreme importance for no modern industry can run without precision instruments. From a national point of view, therefore, the training given here is of first rate importance."

Khan Bahadur Kothawalla in his concluding speech narrated the war effort of the State He promised to set up a net-work organization to push up Technical Recruitment in the State.

A conference of the State officials was also held at the end of the meeting when, it is reported, a number of questions were asked regarding the Technical Training Scheme.

Mr. S. K. Patil Entertained

A tea party was given to Sit. S. K. Patil, th Leader of the Bombay Municipal Congress Paty at Laxmi Baug, Girgaum on Tuesday.

Tribute was paid to Sit. Patil on the occasion by Sjt. Kasle.

Sjts. Bhulabhai Desai, Balasaheb Kher and Nagindas T. Master who also made very short speeches associated themselves with the sentiments expressed on the occasion.

No Examination Outside Jurisdiction

CALCUTTA, Aug. 23.

A number of Indian soldiers stationed somewhere outside India, it is learnt, are desirous of appearing in the Intermediate Arts and Science Examinations of the Calcutta University.

The University has been asked by the Educational Officer-in-Charge, Army Education Branch if some arrangements can be made for such individual students to sit for those examination externally.

It is understood the Syndicate has decided that examinations outside territorial jurisdictions of the University are not possible.—United Press.

NEW DELHI.—The collection in the Kasturba Gandhi National Memorial Fund for the Province of Delhi has reached a total of Rs. 1,26,560-8-0, according to an announcement made to-day on behalf of the Delhi Collection Committee.—A.P.

BLOOD TRANSFUSIONS FOR POOR PARSIS

Lady Masani Makes Announcement At Unveiling Of Portrait Of Late Dr. Dara M. Dastur

Poor Parsi patients in the city hospitals will get the benefit of free transfusions of blood according to the decision of the donors of the Dr Dara M Dastur Fund. This was announced at the meeting of admirers and friends of the late Dr. Dara M Dastur held at Shri Mithaiwala Agiari, Sleater Road, Bombay, under the presidency of Lady Manijeh R Masani. The Fund Committee has collected so far about Rs. 7,500 out of which a sum of Rs. 1,000 has been set apart and the interest accrued from it is to be used for observing annual Baj ceremony of the late Doctor at Shri Mithaiwala Agiari. A further sum of Rs. 200 is to be used for a silver cup which will be in charge of Mr. A. B. Homeavazir's St John Ambulance Centre. A competition will be held among ladies in first-aid and nursing every year and the winners name will be engraved on it.

A portrait painted by artist J A Lalkaka of late Dr. Dastur at the cost of Rs. 380 was then unveiled by the president who paid a glowing tribute to the humanitarian service rendered by Dr. Dara, and exhorted the audience to emulate the good deeds of worthies like the late doctor. The balance of Rs. 6,000 is to form the nucleus of a fund with the Parsi Punchayat out of the interest of which blood transfusions will be given to poor Parsi patients.

Mr. N F Mama gave a discourse on the utility of the "remembrance of the souls of the dead." Dasturji Manekji Bhathena also spoke eulogistically of the unique service of Dr. Dara. After Mr. Rustom Jivanji Mody had welcomed Mr. Nadirshah R. Mullah, the newly-elected Trustee of the Parsi Panchayet, who was among those present Major S. A Paymaster thanked the President for the presence and Mrs. Shehra J. Chinoy thanked the Committee for its labour of love.

ART-IN-INDUSTRY EXHIBITION

Rs. 25,000 Offered In Prizes

With an attractive prize-money worth Rs. 25,000 including four scholarships of Rs. 1,000 each to students whose work is most likely to benefit from further tuition, consisting of as many as nineteen sections to suit every shade of artistic taste, and supported by a number of leading industrial houses in India, the fifth All-India 'Art-in-Industry' Exhibition organised by Burmah-Shell has emerged into shape and for the second time in the history of the movement, the Exhibition will be held in Bombay early in January next year.

The movement seems to have gathered considerable momentum since its inception in 1940 and a glance at the cover page of the prospectus shows the number of donors. It will, indeed, be a sad commentary on young Indian artists' resourcefulness if they do not take full advantage of the opportunities afforded by the exhibition.

Claims Of Homoeopathy

A memorandum making out a case for homeopathy and demanding recognition for it has been sent by Dr. B. R. Chugha, ex-President of the All-India Homoeopathic Council to the All-India Health-Survey and Development Committee, New Delhi. Dr. Chugha states that death-rate of homoeopathic patients is lower than allopathic one and that homoeopathic medicines are harmless, cheap, and more effctive.

A similar memorandum has been sent to the Government of Bombay reminding them of their promise to grant recognition to homoeopathy provided homoeopathic hospital and college were opened in the city.

Railway Timings

G. I. P RAILWAY.

The following is the revised time table of the arrivals and departures from Victoria Terminus, Bombay, of mail and express trains on the G. I. P. Railway lines from August 1:—

Trains.	Arrivals. H. M.
Madras Mail ..	7-35
Peshawar Express ...	9- 5
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur ...	10-20
Poona Mail ...	10-45
Deccan Queen ...	11-30
Madras Express ...	12-40
Calcutta Mail via Allahabad ..	14-45
Punjab Mail ...	16- 5
Poona Express ...	19-35
Bhusawal Fast Passenger ...	20-50
Poona Fast Passenger ...	22- 5
	Departures. H. M.
Bhusawal Fast Passenger ...	7-00
Poona Express ...	8-10
Poona Fast Passenger ..	11-00
Madras Express ..	13-35
Punjab Mail ...	14-00
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur ..	16-30
Deccan Queen	17-10
Poona Mail ..	17-20
Calcutta Mail via Allahabad ...	20-30
Peshawar Express ...	20-50
Madras Mail ...	22-00

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

The following are the revised timings of passenger trains arriving at and leaving from Bombay Central, B. B. and C. I. Railway, from August 1:—

Trains.	Arrivals. H. M.
Ahmedabad Passenger ...	7-00
Gujerat Mail ...	8-30
Kathiawar Mail ...	9-25
Frontier Mail ...	10-40
Baroda Passenger ..	16-00
	Departures H. M.
Baroda Passenger ...	8-25
Frontier Mail ...	18-10
Kathiawar Mail	18-45
Gujerat Mail ...	19-55
Ahmedabad Passenger ...	20-15

MURREE, Aug. 23: The meeting of Muslim women was addressed by Fatima Begum, Principal of Jinnah College, Lahore. The Muslim Women's League was also opened.—O.P.

NATIONAL WAR FRONT

Talk by Prof. NYRMAL GUPTA, M.A., of the Jadunath College, Dacca, on "The Eastern Frontier of India" at 6-15 p. m on Friday, 25th August 1944, in Dr. Sir Jivanji Modi Memorial Hall, opposite R. I. N. Dockyard. Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta, M.A., LL.B., Bar-at-Law, M.L.A. (Central), will preside.

You are a youngman to-day in the prime of your life, working hard, day in and day out and yet cheerful and smiling. That's because you love the life.
Have you thought of the future you would love, say, after 25 years? Perhaps you would long for a retired peaceful life after a crowded and busy career, enjoying your pipe sitting in a snug corner, free from all cares and worries.
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There is hardly a commodity whether it be a necessity or a luxury, whose price has not risen several fold during the last four years. Control measures have checked the upward tendency of prices and in several cases they have actually come down. But if prices have to be lowered still further—and they must—something more is needed than Price Control. There is only one royal road to lower prices—SAVINGS.

Protect your savings: Land, buildings, commodities, jewels and manufactured goods are bad value for money. Their present prices are unreasonably high. Put your money in fixed investments. There are several. Invest in Insurance, Co-operative Societies, Savings Bank Account, Post-Office Savings Bank and best of all in Government Loans and National Savings Certificates.

SAVE ALL YOU CAN AND INVEST ALL YOU SAVE

Savings can be your safeguard in old age or your opportunity after the war. The man who does not save is missing a golden opportunity.

A NATIONAL APPEAL BY THE NATIONAL WAR FRONT

AAA 117

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IF YOU THINK THAT AFTER SEPTEMBER 1, 1944, YOU WILL CONTINUE TO GET KEROSENE IN THE OPEN MARKET, YOU ARE WRONG.

From that date, the Oil will be obtainable only on a Ration Card.

Apply immediately at your Ward Rationing Office and get your Kerosene Ration Card for non-lighting purposes.

Take all your family Ration Cards to the Ward Rationing Office at the time of applying and also while taking delivery of the Kerosene Ration Card.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

It is not the cares of today but the cares of tomorrow that weigh a man down. For the needs of today we have corresponding strength given. For the morrow we are told to trust. It is not yet ours.

G. Macdonald.

The Bombay Chronicle

A VITAL INDUSTRY

Few problems of post-war industrial reconstruction can be more important than the development of a synthetic nitrogen industry, which is both an insurance against the demand of a future war for explosives and a mighty aid to agriculture through the provision of nitrogenous fertilizers. Even the present Government of India is impressed by the importance of this industry and has declared its intention to set up large plants with a total capacity to produce annually 3,60,000 tons of sulphate of ammonia, one of the most useful nitrogen products, at a capital cost of Rs. 9 crores, to be owned and controlled by the Central and Provincial Governments with the technical assistance of the Imperial Chemical Industries, Limited. The Supply Member stated recently that after the first 360,000 tons had been produced it was possible that "private industry would step in and take over production." Besides being a costly venture, the plan is highly technical and needs to be carefully considered by Indian chemists and businessmen, particularly because there may be move behind the connection of the Imperial Chemical Industries with the scheme than is suggested by the apparently innocent function of "technical assistance". Sir Padamji Ginwala, sometime President of the Tariff Board, has done a service by publishing a memorandum on this subject. It is a lucid and comprehensive document and, perhaps, the only one criticising in detail the official plan and submitting a plan of his own. It deserves to be carefully studied by all interested in the subject. It is published by Aroon Mookherjee, British Indian Street, Calcutta. Written by an ex-President of the Tariff Board, this book of 60 pages on a highly technical subject is excellent value, indeed, for one rupee.

Referring to the official plan, Sir Padamji has something pertinent to say about the part to be played by the Imperial Chemical Industries. The production of sulphate of ammonia, he says, is closely allied to the manufacture of explosives, and "India cannot—indeed, no country in the world can—allow the manufacture of its explosives to be in other than national hands." It is true the I.C.I is only to give technical advice and assistance, but Sir Padamji rightly points out: "From the very beginning this company will have a dominating influence over the operations of the plant, particularly as the patents and processes employed will have to be its own; thus the foundations of its eventual control will already have been laid. "The position may be much worse when, according to Government plan, the production will be taken over by a private agency. Indian businessmen and politicians should be most vigilant about the development of the official plan.

Sir Padamji makes out an elaborate case for a detailed scheme of his own, about which we can only say at present that it deserves to be carefully considered by persons specially interested in the industry. He feels that for some years to come some connection with the I.C.I. may be found necessary as things stand. But he urges a great deal of caution in view of the aims of the concern, its past activities and its connection with the Governments of Britain and the Dominions. He insists that the company should have no financial or managerial control over the Indian concern and that, when the concern is transferred to a private agency, it must be wholly to Indian capital and control. We have no doubt these warnings about the I.C.I. will be unhesitatingly endorsed by the country as a whole.

U. S. Mission To China

China is facing the gravest crisis of her seven-year struggle with Japan. And her agony has reached a stage where it has become wellnigh impossible to endure it any longer. All this is so well-known that one's immediate disposition is to interpret the Nelson-Hurley Mission as a last-minute American effort to induce China to continue the war. The facts that, despite all difficulties, China is still displaying an offensive spirit in a number of vital sectors and that she is being referred to as one of the post-war Big Four do not justify that interpretation. Moreover, the very suggestion that China may throw up the sponge is an insult to the proved heroism of the Chinese.

It is, therefore, interesting to note that, according to a correspondent of the "Christian Science Monitor", what President Roosevelt describes as "most important, pressing and confidential" mission of Mr Donald Nelson and Major-General Hurley is to help China become "a vast arsenal of freedom", to step up 'on the spot' arms production which will "reinforce the contemplated Allied landings on the China Coast". The correspondent pointing to the presence of the Chinese Military Mission to the U.S adds: "Plans for strengthening China militarily have been going on here since the arrival of General Shang Sen and his military mission a few months ago and the organisation of China Defence Supplies, Inc., into the Chinese Supplies Mission. These supplies plans have been paralleled in China by a thorough reorganisation of the Chinese Army to include relieving area commanders of political responsibilities and the conscription of students for the first time." This American view of the Nelson-Hurley Mission seems plausible less because China needs assistance and relief than because a situation is certainly developing in the Pacific which brings an American landing on the China coast within the realms of a very practical and not quite remote possibility.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Subasic-Tito Pact

Doctor Ivan Subasic, Prime Minister in the Royal Yugo-Slav Government, and Marshal Tito are entitled to the thanks of all the Allied Nations for the statesmanship which has helped to produce an agreement between the Government in exile and Tito's Committee of National Liberation. It marks the end of a conflict which had become long drawn and serious and the effects of which threatened more than Yugo-Slavia. The whole trouble was primarily due to the reactionary nature of Ministers around King Peter. They were "Serbian" with little respect for the rights of other components of Yugo-Slavia and they had little use for democracy and the interests of the common people. What they wanted to emerge out of the war was a Serbian dominated Yugo-Slavia, feudal and reactionary. And they were very little concerned about what was happening to and in Yugo-Slavia, having left matters to Mihailovitch whom they supported not so much because he was pretending to fight the Germans as because they had political and non-democratic affinities with him.

Model Pattern

But they had counted without the new forces that the war and particularly the entry into it of Russia had released. There arose Tito who represented these forces and won the allegiance of the peoples of Yugo-Slavia. He continued to gather strength till he won recognition from Yugo-Slavia's western Allies, too. The emigre Government still insisted on ignoring Marshal Tito and the Partisans, the men who were fighting Yugo-Slavia's battle against the enemy. But the emigre leaders were only losing their own position. It was this fact that forced King Peter to bring in Dr. Subasic who has displayed admirable wisdom and statemanship in recognising Marshal Tito and the Committee of National Liberation. The agreement does credit to both. It ensures democracy on the widest possible basis and the unity of all progressive elements as also of all the territorial components of Yugo-Slavia. But it does not only solve the internal problem of Yugo-Slavia, grave as it was. It also removes a number of dangers in the international fields and provides a model pattern for the solution of similar troubles in Poland and Greece which threaten similar dangers. This is the greatest value of the Subasic-Tito Pact.

Flood Relief

Reports of heavy floods in various parts of the country are disturbing. Apart from the immediate distress caused by them in a variety of ways the possibility of their ruining standing crops intensifies the fear of greater scarcity of food in the future than is now prevalent. However, the immediate distress must, of course, be the first to be relieved. In Surat, where the floods subsided after doing much damage, are again rising and reported to have washed away Harijan localities, which are generally low-lying. A redeeming feature is that Congress and League workers have joined hands in organising relief. Distress is also reported from several other parts of the province, including Malegaon and Dhulia, and of the country. Central relief committees should be formed at once wherever necessary and they should be thoroughly representative. Help should, of course, be sought from Government but private relief should not be delayed at all on that account.

Dowry System "A Curse"

A pathetic story comes from Lahore of an attempt on the life of a girl-wife of fifteen by her husband who was not satisfied with the dowry she brought him and apparently wished to marry another girl. In his judgment on the case Mr. Justice Teja Singh observed that the system of dowry is being so much abused that middle class people have come to regard it as "nothing short of a curse". Such remarks have been made over and over again by social reformers but the system is persisting. We wonder if suitable legislation, by supporting public opinion, cannot at least mitigate the evil. Two main causes of the evil are early marriages and denying education to girl, which makes them hopelessly dependent upon their husbands. Educate and enable the girls to earn, if necessary, an independent livelihood. As equals they will be better respected by their husbands than as a source of profit.

Ships For Haj

We are glad the Government of India have decided to allot ships to carry pilgrims to Jeddah. According to the communique issued by the Government only a limited number of pilgrims will be carried this year, because, it is stated, owing to urgent war needs, it is not possible to provide ships to carry a large number. As owing to present abnormal circumstances, the number of persons intending to go on the pilgrimage will not be a very large one, we see no reason why Government should not arrange for shipping facilities for all such persons.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Even a weak woman can put up a strong bluff.

* * *

A short answer is often followed by a long silence.

* * *

The more some men owe the more they want to owe.

* * *

It's easy for the man in the upholstered rocker to stand pat.

* * *

Perhaps faint heart ne'er won fair lady because it is partial to brunettes.

* * *

Beware of the man whose dog crawls under the house when his master enters the gate.

ALLIES CONTINUE ADVANCE ON TIDDIM ROAD

KANDY, Aug. 23: The S. E. A. C. Communique to-day says:—"TIDDIM ROAD: Our advance to re-engage the enemy continues. KABAW VALLEY: Artillery and aircraft are active against the Japanese position on the Tamu-Sittaung track.

NORTH BURMA: Patrol activity continues in the Kazu area and along the Tabet river south of Myitkyina. Elements of the thirty-sixth Division north of Pinbaw inflicted casualties during patrolling. Aircraft of Eastern Air Command scored direct hits on river steamers and many small craft during a series of sorties over the Chindwin and Irrawaddy areas. Rail transport and troop quarters were successfully strafed".—A. P.

"Daily Worker" War Correspondent

LONDON, Aug. 23.

Allied Headquarters in the Mediterranean state:—The British War Office has ordered the accreditation of "The Daily Worker" war correspondent, Clemens Dutt to be withdrawn.

Dutt's credentials, issued by the French Committee of National Liberation, had been authenticated and endorsed by qualified officials at Allied Force Headquarters.—Reuter.

LONDON 22: Maurice L. Rowntree a prominent Quaker and Treasurer of the Peace Pledge Union, has died following an accident.—Reuter.

Fitting Reply To Viceroy's Challenge

DR. LATIF URGES LEADERS NOT TO HINDER GANDHI-JINNAH UNITY EFFORTS

HYDERABAD (Deccan), Aug. 24.

Dr. Syed Abdul Latif in a statement to the press discountenances opposition to the Rajagopalachariar formula, and appeals to leaders outside the Congress and the Muslim League not to embarrass any further Mahatma Gandhi and Mr. Jinnah when they are soon to enter on very delicate negotiations.

Dr. Latif says: "I have been closely following the trends of opposition to the Rajagopalachariar formula and feel distressed at the thought that even men of understanding like the Rt. Hon. Srinivasa Sastri and Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Iyer have chosen to set their face strongly against it.

"But what is the alternative that can meet the challenge to India held out by the Viceroy in his final letter to Mahatma Gandhi? Some united effort must be made to bring about some sort of a rapprochement between the British Government and India. And what other method is there except to promote, to begin with, a unity proposal between the Congress and the Muslim League, the organisations which matter?

"The Rajagopalachariar formula is just a suggestion which the leaders of the two organisations are to examine. Give them a chance to see whether that will satisfy the need of the hour. Mr. Jinnah, like Mahatma Gandhi, is anxious to see that in any settlement, the interests of no political elements in the country suffer.

"Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Iyer, more than any other, dreads the creation of a Pakistan and feels certain that the entire body of Indian states will range themselves against the idea and, if the need be, even fight it. He forgets that every Indian State is a 'Stan' by itself. And yet there is political unity in the land. Presently, it is upheld by British banner. The Rajagopalachariar formula aims to give to it a more natural and more abiding unity on the basis of independence for the whole of India and freedom to every constituent thereof. Freedom to Muslim zones does not necessarily mean separation and factors economic, cultural and geographical and the need for collective security will compel all units to combine for certain common purposes.

"The task before Mr. Jinnah and Mahatma Gandhi is to devise a scheme which can give freedom to every unit and yet keep India united as a single political entity in international field. Indian States need not get alarmed on any account. Once the two leaders arrive at a settlement over the Hindu-Muslim question, they will naturally turn to the problem of Indian States and seek the means of contact with them and endeavour to fix them to India's future constitution. The same holds good of the Sikhs and the Depressed Classes and other minor elements in the land.

"I hope and trust that political leaders outside the Congress and the Muslim League will appreciate the delicate nature of the negotiations Mahatma Gandhi and Mr. Jinnah are to enter upon shortly, and cease to embarrass them any further."—A. P.

Tandan Advocates Political Planning

LUCKNOW, Aug. 23.

Shri Purshotamdas Tandan in an interview on the Rajaji-Gandhi proposals for a communal settlement said, "It is at present in an embryonic stage. We have to see what the final result of the Gandhi-Jinnah meeting is. Then there will be time for us to form an opinion".

Questioned about the present political situation in the country, he said he never expected independence to come to India as a result of a free gift from Britain, nor did he expect it now. "The British politicians", he added "are twisters. It is no use spending our time in reminding them of their promises. Promises are made by modern diplomats to suit the moment. Independence must mainly come out of our own strength and work. The manner in which the coming world shapes itself will, of course, have an influence. It is good that definite proposals have been formulated about economic planning. What is more important to my mind is political planning followed by action, though I know it is more difficult than economic planning. But it must be handled, whenever we are serious about wresting independence from those whose obvious self-interest lies in keeping us bound in their chains".

Shri Purshottamdas Tandan, who was released from the Central Jail, Lucknow, last evening was examined by Captain K. S. Nigam this morning. Captain Nigam gave him a prescription for hernia and postponed an operation for the present. Shri Purshottamdas visited his chamber in the Council House this afternoon. He is leaving for Allahabad by mail to-morrow morning. —A. P.

Gadgil Says It Is Not Vivisection But Self-Determination

SANGLI, Aug. 23: "The Congress is the only important political organisation which is actively fighting for Indian liberty, and I am confident that if any organisation is to bring Swaraj to India it will be the Congress alone", said Mr. N. V. Gadgil, president of the Maharashtra Congress Committee speaking here.

Mr. Gadgil said that Hindu-Muslim settlement, as proposed by Mahatma Gandhi, would certainly bring democratic Swaraj to India within a very short period. In the absence of no better alternative, Mahatma Gandhi's proposal for Hindu-Muslim unity was the only remedy to achieve freedom for India. The settlement would not be based on the vivisection of India but on the principle of self-determination. That was the only solution to end the political deadlock in the country and to achieve political freedom.—A.P.

Punjab Opposition To C. R. Formula

LAHORE, Aug. 23: Despite Master Tara Singh's refusal to lead joint Hindu-Sikh movement against Rajaji formula a new move is afoot to put up combined Hindu-Sikhs opposition to the League-Congress settlement. Mahasabha leaders in the Punjab are pressing Master Tara Singh to reconsider his decision.—O. P.

Change In Akali Attitude

(From Our Correspondent.)

LAHORE, August 23.

Congress circles who were in touch with inside trends at the time of the Cripps' proposals reveal that exactly similar terms for the Congress-League settlement were suggested and approved by the Sikh Leader Master Tarasingh. Now Nationalist circles fail to understand the Akali Party leader decided to oppose the Rajaji formula intended for settlement between the two organisations. The Akali Party spokesman told me that the demand for Azad Punjab had been withdrawn and not pressed. At present, the demand is for an independent Sikh state and if provision is made in Rajaji formula for the same the Sikhs may not oppose.

Master Tara Singh's Latest

AMRITSAR, August 23.

Commenting on Mr. Jinnah's latest statement, Master Tara Singh, the Akali leader, said: "Mr. Jinnah while contradicting the false report of his making an offer to the Sikhs, invites the Sikhs to send him proposals for safeguarding Sikh interests. Why should the Sikhs send their petition to Mr. Jinnah? Why should he presume that he and Gandhi are the final authorities, who can seal the fate of the Sikhs?

I do not admit that they are the alms-givers, to whom I should bow to beg with folded hands. Of course, the combination of Mr. Jinnah and Gandhi will be a strong one, but I am not such a Mahatma as to fall without a struggle.—A. P.

Security Demand On "Pakistan"

LAHORE, Aug. 23.

The Punjab Government has asked the new publisher and printer of weekly 'Pakistan' to deposit a security of Rs. 1,000. It is recalled that originally this paper was an official organ of Sir Choturam's Jat Sabha and appeared as "Jatistan". Later it changed its policy and name and became a vigorous critic of Jat Sabha. Few months back it was purchased by Nawab of Mamdot, president of the Provincial League, and this agent applied for a new declaration.—O. P.

More Bengal Protest Against C. R. Formula

CALCUTTA, August 23: "We stand for Hindu-Muslim unity based on fairplay and justice to both communities which will strengthen the cause of India's independence but neither such unity nor national solidarity can be ever achieved if based on the pernicious principle of vivisection of India or any of her component parts," says a joint statement issued by Messrs. Haridas Mazumdar, Bandkim Chandra Mukherjee, Jogendra Nath Roy, Nagendra Nath Moholanabis, Brojendra Mohon Maitra, Narendra Nath Dutta, Khan Saheb Maulavi Wahiduzzaman, Rai Bahadur Keshab Chandra Banerjee and S. N. Sanyal all members of the Bengal Legislative Council.—United Press

Annulment Of Cripps' Offer

MADRAS, Aug. 23.

"The Viceroy has imported considerations statements and stipulations which are not merely at variance, but are an annulment of what were envisaged by the Cripps Offer", observes Sir C. R. Reddy, Vice Chancellor of the Andhra University in the course of a statement to the press.—A. P.

Prospects Of Race War

LONDON, Aug. 23.

In a letter headed "Colour Prejudice", in the "Manchester Guardian", Mr. S. L. Polak, London, says:—

"Economic, political, social and religious barriers may disappear. But one thing unchangeable is 'race' associated with colour.

If, therefore, this difference is emphasised, as it undoubtedly is in parts of western world we shall discover before very long as they become more self-conscious and better organised, a tendency on the part of the 'nonwhite peoples to get together in spite of former differences and even enmities among themselves. At first it will show itself in mutual sympathy, but later will take more active and aggressive ways for self-protection.

Mr. Gandhi has of late constantly emphasised the resentment of Asiatic and African peoples against what they still feel rightly or wrongly to be their exploitation by some 'white' nations. There is doubtless much exaggeration in this assertion, but he is far from being alone in giving expression to this accumulated bitterness of feeling. It is warning of which the world should take serious and immediate notice, lest even greater calamity than the present should befall it."—Reuter.

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

"Burma is a case in point. In time it may so develop its institutions that concession of dominion status may be made with confidence. That time has not been hastened, but made more distant by the events of the war."

—Sir Alfred Watson.

* * *

Sir Maurice Hallet's U. P. Government has suddenly released Sj. Purshottam Das Tandon, who, as everybody knows, has been in bad health for quite a long time.

But the Junior Colleague is clear in his own mind as to what led to the sudden decision. It was, he holds, due to Sjt. Tandon's intimation of the previous day that he did not want to be released.

* * *

An Anglo-Indian contemporary reports how a Japanese paper urges that the Tokyo Government should have "more respect for the people's common sense."

That might apply to many other Governments and their spokesmen, both official and officious.

* * *

The Orissa provincial press is reported to insist that nobody can deny that there is famine in certain districts of Orissa.

Why not? Mr. Amery himself can deny, if necessary.

* * *

Mrs. Clare Boothe Luce doesn't want America to be "involved in Imperialism."

Recalling the Luces' "March of Time" film, one wonders whether this is not quailing before the tremendously glorious task of Imperialism, the bringing of "life, peace and security" as the British have done.

* * *

Or, perhaps one need not wonder at all.

Good American as she is, Mrs. Luce appears to be troubled by the thought that "by acquiring native populations America would create racial problems for itself."

Personally, we agree with Mrs. Luce. In fact, we, along with the rest of coloured humanity, would be profoundly grateful if she would clear her impressionable mind of the boons which Empires confer and induce Britain and others to free themselves from "racial problems."

(Glossary: "Racial problems" means the problem of perpetuating inequality between whites and non-whites in the name of democracy and equality.)

* * *

According to the Swiss Radio, Marshal Petain has been arrested by the Germans and "taken to an unknown destination."

The journey's end.

* * *

The Hon'ble Lady Hope in her introductory remarks said that men were what women made them and that even the spelling of the term 'woman' would be 'Double You O Man'. She added that manners made men and women made manners.

—Report of Y.W.C.A. Lunch Club Anniversary at Madras.

Sir Arthur Hope had better respectfully agree to this mathematical interpretation of sex and also to the social origin of man.

* * *

"I hit a guy on the nose yesterday and you should have seen him run."

"That so?"

"Yes; but he didn't catch me."

Our Readers' Views

"Profiteering In Potatoes"

In your paper to-day (August 23) is published a report on page 3 under the caption "Profiteering in Potatoes". The report gives a wrong impression that the Bombay Government is handing over its imports for sale to an agent. The correct position is as follows:

The Bombay Government has recently arranged with the Madras Government to import potatoes into Bombay City. The Bombay Government has appointed an agent merely to make the purchases in the potato-producing areas in Madras and arrange for their transport. The purchases are made under the supervision of an Inspector who has been posted in the Nilgiris and who works in co-operation with the Madras Government. On arrival in Bombay the imports are to be put on sale at Government Grain Shops and not to be made over to the agent or any other merchant.

The first consignment has now arrived and potatoes will soon be available at all Government Grain Shops in Bombay City and the Bombay Suburban District at 3½ as. per lb. They will be sold in quantities not exceeding 3 lb. per head per day.

Yours faithfully,
G. G. GOKHALE,
Public Relations Officer
(Rationing).

II

We have received a letter from the lawyers of the agent appointed by the Government of Bombay to make purchases from potato-producing areas in Madras in the course of which they say:—

"In the publication of the 23rd instant on page 3 of your paper, our clients find an article under the caption "Profiteering in Potatoes." Our clients have been shocked to note the contents. The said article is referred to them and it contains highly defamatory allegations. The said article from top to bottom contains false and frivolous allegations, made with a view to lower our clients in the eyes of the Government Officers and the dubashes and stevedores and merchants in Bombay and you have been successful in lowering them in their eyes.

We are instructed to state that it is true that our clients have been appointed as nominee by the Director of Civil Supplies, Bombay, to purchase potatoes from the Government of Madras Licensed Dealers for supply to Director of Civil Supplies for distribution to rationed grain shops at control rates.

It is absolutely false that the said potatoes have been sold by our clients to other merchants in Bombay at Rs. 15 per maund quarter as suggested by you.

We are instructed to state that our clients have purchased potatoes from the licensed dealers of Madras and total cost comes to about Rs. 4-10-0 per maund which will be in turn supplied to the Government at a nominal margin for being sold to Bombay public at control rates through the Government grain shops.

Upto the time of printing and publication of the said article not a single bag has been taken delivery to Bombay Government. We may add that the said potatoes are to be distributed by our clients as per Government instructions for being sold in the Government grain shops at control rates.

As such your allegations of profiteering against our clients are absolutely baseless."

Sabarmati, Narmada & Tapti Overflow Banks

AHMEDABAD, Aug. 23.

The river Sabarmati is in floods. The water has reached eighty-eight feet level.

Narmada In Floods

SURAT, Aug. 22.

The Narmada river is in high floods. Lowlying parts in Broach city have been inundated. Water has entered Katepore, Dungri, Foorja Road, Khada Talao, Dandia Bazar, Gandhi Bazar and Mandai localities of the city and boats are being used in these areas.

Two villages on the Ankleshwar side of the river have been inundated.

In Gujera village of Jambusar Taluka, several huts and houses have fallen down or washed away. Widespread damage to crops has been caused in a number of villages.

This is the eighth time the Narmada is flooded this year.—

Tapti Overflows Banks

SURAT, Aug. 23.

For the second time during the week, the Tapti is in high floods. The water level reached the 98 feet mark in the early hours of this morning, though no substantial rise has been recorded during the last four hours.

At a number of places, the river has overflowed its banks and inundated outlying areas. The villages of Adjan, Batha, Katargan, Randher and Jehangirpur have been surrounded by water.

Flood water has entered some of the lowlying parts surrounding Surat. Water is entering the Manpura and Dhed Delavadi areas. The Patali Hanuman temple and the English kothi are flooded.

P.W.D. authorities are anxiously watching the situation.—A. P.

In Adriatic Sector

LONDON, August 23.

The following is the text of the Mediterranean communique:—Continuing their operations to follow up the enemy in the Adriatic sector Polish and Italian troops of the Eighth Army have encountered strong enemy rearguard resistance on the high ground just south of the river Metauro between Cerasa and Monte Maggiore. All of this resistance has now weakened, and our patrols have reached the South bank of the river in many places up to twelve miles from the sea. In the more mountainous country southwest of Sangiorio Di Pessaro, our troops have advanced some three miles in many places. Heavy artillery fire has now been encountered from the enemy on the north bank of the river. In the mountains on both sides of the upper Arno valley many of our strong fighting patrols have gained grounds and found the enemy established in new positions slightly further north. Elsewhere, active patrolling covering all front has taken place without any major change in our dispositions.

Marshal Tito's communique to-day said that Yugoslav forces fighting in Serbia have captured the heavily fortified German stronghold of Lebani, twenty-five miles south of Nish, a railway junction on the Belgrade-Sofia line.—Reuter.

Big Soviet Offensive Launched

LONDON, Aug. 23.

The German News Agency announced to-day that the Red Army has made a breach in the German lines between the Bug and Narew rivers (north of Warsaw).

The Agency's military correspondent, Colonel Ernest van Hammer, stated to-night that the Russians have launched their expected new largescale offensive west of Bialystok. The Germans have retreated to new main defence lines.

To-day's German 'communique' Stated: Russian Attacks continued yesterday in southern Bessarabia and Moldavia, but were fought to a standstill by German and Rumanian troops after "deep penetrations" had been made.

South-east of Warka and north-east of Warsaw renewed Russian attempts to break through were frustrated.

The Russians also went over to the attack between the Bug and Narew, but were "stemmed" in the rear of the German lines.

The Rumanians are creeping out from cellars in Jassy to find the city running smoothly under Soviet occupation. The power station and waterworks are intact and, at the railway station, everything was found in complete order with telephones ready to hand tickets piled up neatly on tables.

Gen. Tolbuhin's tanks are sweeping on in Moldavia under the protection of mighty air umbrella which has been over the function of the flying artillery. Soviet Stormoviks and divebombers are swarming over the front and their effect is seen in the large number of prisoners brought in suffering from blast and bomb splinter wounds.

The Red Army is storming towards the Galatz Gap in a mighty two way offensive which has already brought Kishenev in the centre of a huge swiftly tightening sack and carried battles to within less than fifty miles of the Danube Delta.

Sustained Attacks By Flying Bombs

LONDON, Aug. 23.

Two flying bomb attacks, launched from Pas de Calais before and after dawn to-day, were more sustained than usual. In each attack the Germans fired a stream of robots across the Channel for about an hour.

Anti-aircraft gun fire in one coastal area was the heaviest and the most concentrated yet and a good number of bombs were destroyed, some of them being blown to pieces in the air.—Reuter.

Churchill Meets Signor Bonomi

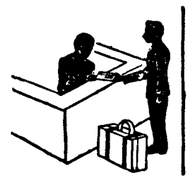
ROME, August 23: It was announced to-day Mr. Churchill received the Italian Prime Minister, Signor Bonomi at the British Embassy yesterday morning. Afterwards Signor Bonomi and Marshal Badoglio lunched with Mr. Churchill at the Embassy.

HAND IN YOUR RATION CARD **R** BEFORE LEAVING BOMBAY

ONE SIDE

Possession of a ration card entitles you to draw rations while in Bombay.

THE OTHER SIDE



In return you owe the DUTY to see that it is not illegally used in your absence and that you return it when you leave Bombay.

★ ★ ★ ★

And remember: Failure to report departures and drawal of rations on absentees' cards are offences; several persons have been convicted for committing these offences.

Sweden Reduces Trade With Germany

Stockholm Links Decision With Red Army's Progress Towards Baltic

STOCKHOLM, Aug. 22.

Swedish War Insurance has decided to cancel insurance for shipping going to any German port. This means Sweden's total trade with Germany will be cut by about one-third and iron ore exports by one-half.

Stockholm observers link the cancellation with the Red Army's progress towards the Baltic and regard is as a sign that the Swedes consider the Germans will not be able to halt the Russians. Something like a quarter of a million tons of Swedish shipping now lies at German ports —Reuter.

'Chaos And Decay In Germany'

Churchill Addresses First Canadian Armoured Brigade In Florence

LONDON, Aug. 22.

Mr. Churchill, addressing the First Canadian Armoured Brigade behind the Florence front, to-day, referred to signs of internal decay and disintegration in Germany. He said dull apathy was overtaking the weak.

Things within Germany had reached such a state that when a General went to Berlin he did not know whether he had been called there to be promoted or to be hanged. That was not good, especially for German troops at the front.—Reuter.

JAPAN WARNED AGAINST ZERO HOUR

NEW YORK, Aug. 21: Readers of the Japanese newspaper "Mainichi Shimbun" could not have been cheered by the headlines last week which warned that "the zero hour is fast approaching in the Pacific War." According to United States monitors, the Japanese radio quoted this newspaper as saying: "Japan must carry out within the shortest possible time the largest scale mobilisation.

"The United States after capturing Saipan, is advancing and strengthening its base of operations in order to attack Japan's mainland in one swoop.

"Exactly when the enemy's next move will be launched cannot be foretold; for this reason, 'now' is the critical hour. It is fast approaching.

"For this reason, Japan should further strengthen its economic co-operation with Manchuria and North China. Now that Saipan has fallen, it is presumed that the enemy will attempt to intensify its destruction of Japan's overseas' trade with the southern regions to prevent Japan from obtaining resources from those regions.

"Accordingly, the centre of gravity from the viewpoint of war materials shifts to Manchuria and China. Greater efforts must be made to consolidate economic co-operation with these countries".—USOWI.

NEW DELHI, August 22.

A Press Note says: "By a Notification published in the "Gazette Extraordinary" dated the 22nd August, 1944 the Government of India have allowed a small increase in the ceiling prices of various categories of leather (other than E. I. Kips).

STOMACH ACID?

Feeling rotten? Take 2 Rennies Pain's forgotten

YOU may be working at your job, or walking down the street, or visiting the cinema—you may be *anywhere* when indigestion strikes you.

Do you have to endure it? NO! Wherever you are, you can kill any attack of acid indigestion in two minutes—if you carry Rennies—and Rennies are separately wrapped, like sweets, so that you can carry them loose in your pocket or bag.

Armed in this way, when indigestion attacks, you can counter-attack *at once!* No water needed. No spoon. No delay. Just suck a couple of Rennies, one after the other. Rennies neutralize the **excess** stomach acid that's causing the trouble. Then the pain stops. It's like a miracle. No wonder doctors recommend Rennies!

Get a packet of Rennies to-day from your chemists, stores, or bazar, and carry a few with you wherever you go.

DIGESTIF RENNIES

Czech Govt. Repudiates Munich Agreement

LONDON, August 23.

The Government of Czechoslovakia formally repudiated the Munich Agreement of 1938.—Reuter.

NEW C.-IN-C. OF EASTERN FLEET AT BAGHDAD

BAGHDAD, August 22.

On his way to the East the newly appointed Commander-in-Chief of the Eastern Fleet, Sir Bruce Fraser, broke his journey in Baghdad for a short period. He was the guest of honour at a dinner party given by the Regent Amir Abdul Ilah. Among other guests were the Commander-in-Chief of the Air Force, Sir Arthur Smith, and the British Charge d'Affaires.—Reuter.

Chinese Award To Army Transport Command

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.

The War Department announced the award of a Certificate of Merit, signed by Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek to the army transport command in the Indo-China theatre. Marshal Chiang Kai-shek cited the comman's record in keeping open China's supply lines.—Reuter.

NATIONAL PRAYER ON WAR ANNIVERSARY DAY

NEW DELHI, Aug. 22.

His Excellency the Viceroy with the approval of His Majesty the King Emperor, appeals to the members of all communities in India to join with the people of the Empire in observing Sunday, the 3rd September, the fifth anniversary of the outbreak of war as a day of National Prayer says a 'communique'.—A. P.

Ill-Gotton Money By Government Servants

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, August 22.

Decision is believed to have been reached to freeze the alleged ill-gotton wealth by Government servants who were accused of corruption. The Government of India will in such cases request the District Judges to issue necessary injunction on banks and other bodies where such money was deposited to freeze such deposit pending the decision of the court. Convicted persons will have their deposits confiscated

Contempt Of Court Application Against Insp.-Gen. Of Prisons Admitted

(From Our Correspondent)

NAGPUR, Aug. 22

The Nagpur High Court have admitted for hearing the application of Mr. B. N. Saoji for "contempt of court" proceedings against Col. N. S. Jatar, Inspector-General of Prisons and Mr. Masumali, Superintendent of the Central Jail, Nagpur.

COMMONWEALTH TELE-COMMUNICATIONS PLAN

NEW DELHI, Aug. 22.—A Press note says: The Commonwealth Communication Council have submitted to Governments of U.K., the Dominions and India proposals for a reorganisation of the tele-communication services of Commonwealth and Empire by the establishment of public utility corporations in the United Kingdom, in each of the Dominions and in India which would be separately owned with necessary linking arrangements. Advantage was taken of the recent visit to London of Prime Ministers of Dominions and representatives of India to have a preliminary discussion on the proposals. No decisions were taken but without entering into any commitment, it was agreed that the proposals should be examined in detail.—A.P.

LONDON, August 22: Official figures just released by the Ghq Persia-Iraq Command, show that over 3-3/4 million tons of aid to Russia war material has been delivered to the Russians through the Persia-Iraq Command. It is officially estimated that nearly 50 per cent of the total aid to Russia given by Britain, Canada and the United States has gone via this Command.

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, Aug. 22

October	21.50
December	21.51
January	21.23
Middling spot	unrecd.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

October	21.52
December	21.31
January	21.20
Middling spot	unrecd.

NEW YORK COTTON NOON CALL

October	21.50
December	21.40
March	21.19

LONDON SILVER.
London, August 22.
Spot 23-1/2, Forward 23-1/2.

LONDON GOLD.
London, August 22.
Gold Bars Fine per oz. £8/8/0.

LONDON WHEAT.
London, August 22.

Wheat Rozario (New crop) 39/5 Aug.-Sept. quoted, Wheat Australan (bulk) 46 Aug.-Sept. quoted, Wheat Australian (bags) 48 Aug.-Sept. quoted.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.
London, August 22.

Rupee Paper 3-1/2 p c £72-3/8, Consols 2-1/2 p c £79-9/16, Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p c 1961 £105, War Loan 3-1/2 p c £104, Funding Loan 4 p c 1960/90 £113-5/8, Victory Bonds 4 p c £111-5/8, Chartered Bank of I. A. & China £12-1/8, Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London reg.) £87, National Bank of India £42-1/2.

(From Our Correspondent)

BHUJ, Aug. 23

To-day's closing rate of Koris 319/12.

CONGRESSMAN SUES MADRAS GOVERNMENT

Alleges He Was Kept In Lunatic Asylum By Subordinate Officials Out Of Malice

Mr. Surampudi Sreehari Rao, a Congressman, has filed a suit in the court of the District Judge, Bellary, against the Madras Government represented by Mr. I. M. Fraser, Collector of Bellary, Mr. R. Howe, Superintendent of the Alipuram Jail and Dr. S. Sundararajan, Medical Officer, Alipuram Jail, claiming damages of Rs. 4.000 for wrongful detention from December 1942 to July 1943 in the Cuddalore Mental Jail, to which he was transferred from the Alipuram Jail, where he was serving a sentence of one year R. I. awarded by the Sub-Collectot of Rajahmundry in September 1942 under the Defence of India Rules.

In his plaint, Mr. Rao stated that during his stay in the Alipuram Jail, Bellary, he made several complaints to the jail authorities regarding certain breaches of the Jail Manual denying amenities to prisoners, such as proper food, accommodation and sanitation which were ignored, in 1931, the plaintiff, as a prisoner in the Vizag Central Jail, resorted to hunger-strike for 67 days to seek redress of the "intolerable situation" in the jail, the Superintendent of which was Mr. R. Howe, the second defendant in the present suit. The District Judge of Vizagapatam, under the orders of the Provincial Government, inquired into the matter. After the plaintiff's entry into the Alipuram Jail., the second defendant (Mr. R. Howe) repeatedly expressed in the presence of other jail officials and prisoners that he anticipated trouble from the plaintiff and would get him transferred to the Cuddalore Mental Jail. The complaints made by plaintiff while in the Alipuram Jail having been ignored, the plaintiff made known his intention to go on hunger-strike. These complaints included a lathi charge made on the prisoners on September 14, 1942.

The plaint further alleged that apprehending trouble, the second and third defendants prepared a case for the transfer of the plaintiff to the Mental Jail, Cuddalore, and got a certificate that the plaintiff was suffering from insanity. No independent medical opinion was called for, nor were the rules and procedure laid down in the Jail Manual Lunacy Act and the Indian Prisons Act complied with. There was no case of insanity in the plaintiff's family at any time Without keeping him under observation for a prescribed period for purposes of certification, or getting a Magistrate to certify, the defendants got the plaintiff transferred to the Cuddalore Mental Jail, actuated by malice and in contravention of rules. The plaintiff submitted that far from being insane, he was in such normal health, that the Superintendent of the Mental Jail recommended special remission of his sentence on account of his helpfulness in the jail administration. that he wrote a book on "Human Evolution" while in the Mental Jail from December 17, 1942, to July 10, 1943, when he was released on the expiry of his sentence.

The plaintiff added that the uncongenial conditions in the Mental Jail, such as solitary confinement and lack of amenities gave him much mental pain. His wife was not intimated about his confinement in the Mental Jail, until she came to know of it from other sources. He prayed for damages of Rs. 4,000 jointly and severally against all the defendants. He was a respectable citizen, journalist and social worker.

DEFENCE STATEMENTS

The case came up for hearing on July 26, when the statements of the defendants were filed. The Collector of Bellary (Mr. I. M. Fraser) representing the Government of Madras as first defendant, stated in the course of his statement that the Inspector-General of Prison sent copies of lunacy certificate and medical history sheet of the plaintiff to him and acting on these reports, the Government transferred the plaintiff to the Cuddalore Mental Jail from the Alipuram Jail, in the usual course of discharge of the functions of the Government. He received letters from the plaintiff but having regard to the medical evidence, the Government did not interfere in the matter. He prayed that the suit be dismissed with costs.

In the course of a joint statement, Messrs. R. Howe and Dr. S. Sundarrajan, Superintendent and Medical Officer, Alipuram Jail respectively, submitted that the plaintiff invented the allegations of breaches in the jail administration and distorted facts and never were complaints made to them by the prisoners about their grievances.

They further stated that the various jail records showed that the plaintiff was suffering from delusional insanity. The Superintendent of Cuddalore Mental Jail opined that the plaintiff on admission showed symptoms of delusional insanity. Delusional insanity did not exclude the possibility of lucid intervals. The action taken by the defendants was entirely 'bona fide' and in conformity with the law and procedure. The suit should be dismissed, they pleaded, for want of sanction from the proper authority under Section 270 of the Government of India Act of 1935. The suit was vexatious and speculative and should be dismissed with exemplary costs.

What Evacuees Cost India

NEW DELHI, August 23: It is reliably understood that during 1942-43 the Government of India spent Rs. 1,21,00,000 on Indian evacuee refugees from war zones.—United Press.

It has been decided to hold the 13th All-India Swadeshi Exhibition and Mela from the 28th of October 1944 to 14th November, 1944.

MUNSHI'S SOLUTION FOR DEADLOCK

"The Indian situation—my personal solution' was the subject of a public lecture by Mr. K. M. Munshi, at the Bombay International Fellowship on Monday evening. Prof. P. A. Wadia presided.

"Unless there is a genuine desire on the part of the British Government to part with power, there will be no solution of the Indian problem", Mr. Munshi said. The present situation in India was the creation of the British—their astute statesmanship and diplomacy had brought about the impasse.

The British Government were saying to the world that they were prepared to part with power, but in practice they vitiated the virtue of such statements, by creating conditions which made the realisation of such power impossible. Till recently the condition precedent to the granting of power to the Indians, was Hindu-Muslim unity. But according to the Viceroy's recent declaration, agreement between the two major political parties would not be enough, but all parties, and all interests, including the States must agree.

Mr. Munshi did not hope for much from the present British Government, which represented an older generation of die-hards.

SIX-POINT PROGRAMME

As his personal solution of the problem of India, Mr. Munshi presented a six-point proposal. Firstly, the British Government should seriously make up its mind to part with power in the Centre. Secondly, the members of the Congress Working Committee should be released and all bans on the normal activities of the Congress should be removed. Thirdly, the negotiations between Britain and India for setting up a National Government, should be resumed and a serious attemot to bridge the gulf between the Cripps' formula and Mr. Gandhi's formula as presented in his interview to Mr. Stuart Gelder. Fourthly the British Parliament must declare unequivocally either by an Act or a solemn pronouncement, that in international and intercommonwealth affair, the Government of India would forthwith have the same status and privileges as the Government of a Dominion under the Statute of Westminster. Fifthly, the British Parliament should as early as possible set up an Indian Constitution Committee representative of all interests in India including the Indian States, to suggest within a stipulated period changes in the Government of India Act of 1935, which would devise the basis of a future constitution of India and a treaty between Britain and India. Sixthly, an all-India Convention of all parties and interests should be held to consider the situation.

Sir M. Yamin Khan's Counsel

MEERUT, Aug. 21: Sir Mohd. Yamin Khan M.L.A. (Central) Deputy Leader of the Muslim League Party in the Central Assembly, in an interview on the Viceroy's latest reply to Mahatma Gandhi observed that His Excellency the Viceroy in his address to the Assembly during the last session made one condition for bringing a change in the present Government and that was that the two major parties must come to an agreement by which he obviously meant the Congress and the Muslim League. In his letter to Mahatma Gandhi the Viceroy enlarged that condition. It was no longer an agreement between the two major parties but different other elements had been brought in.

"I am glad" says Sir Yamin Khan "that Mahatma Gandhi had fully realised this when he says that many others will come out of the conjurer's bag when the time comes. I wish that Mahatma had realised this in 1942. But 1944 is not very late either. The two great leaders of India must remember how many interpretations were made of preamble to the Government of India Act of 1919 and how many interpretations were put to the promise made to the Arabs of Palestine.

"The only remedy remarked Sir Yamin Khan "is that the Congress should realise its mistake which they had made in giving up Government in the Provinces and they should fully show confidence in their Muslim brethren by forming Coalition Ministries everywhere and then demand for further advance. A man should never feel shy to admit his mistakes and should never continue to stick to his mistakes which have been found to be mistakes".—A. P.

Bengal Hindu Sabha's Protest Against Pakistan

CALCUTTA, August 21.

At a meeting held this evening under the auspices of Hindu Mahasaba under the presidentship of Dr. S. P. Mukerji, a resolution condemning Rajaji's formula as tending to perpetuate communal dissensions and tightening the grip of British Imperialism and expressing firm determination to fight against any such settlement was passed. Dr. Mukerji while speaking, said: "I regard India as my mother and we are troubled and at pain by even dreaming that our mother is being vivisected. The resolution was moved by the Secretary of Bengal Provincial Hindu Mahasabha.

A strong reception committee of the scheduled castes community has been formed to welcome Dr. B. R. Ambedkar in a meeting held today. Dr. Ambedkar is arriving on the twenty-third of August.—United Press.

BENGAL DETENUS CALL IT MATRICIDE.

CALCUTTA, Aug. 22: Ten former detenus and political prisoners of Bengal have issued the following statement opposing the C. R. Formula:—

"The partition of Bengal and India proposed by Mr. Rajagopalachariar and supported by Mahatma Gandhi has come upon the country as a bolt from the blue. The proposal, if accepted, will create a cluster of ulsters throughout the country and encourage the dangerous pan-Islamic movement. Its acceptance will Balkanise our motherland and will perpetuate British Rule in India. The scheme is nothing short of matricide. The sooner the scheme is abandoned the better for all concerned."

The signatories include ex-Andaman prisoners Pulin Das, Makhanlal Sen and Manoranjan Guha.—A. P.

Sir C. P. On Viceroy's Attitude

TRIVANDRUM, Aug. 19.

Interviewed on the latest political development, Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Aiyar, Dewan of Travancore, said:—

"The sixth clause of the Rajagopalachari formula, so much at variance with Mahatma Gandhi's previous declarations and so suddenly and unexpectedly sponsored by him, has made it a condition precedent that its terms should be operative only in case of transfer of full power and responsibility for the governance of India. It was then taken for granted in many quarters that a settlement between Gandhiji and Mr. Jinnah on the basis of that formula would somehow bring about a change in the constitution. It is noteworthy and most satisfactory that Gandhiji now assures all parties that no terms will be arrived at which will compromise or ignore a single interest. He adds that no solution is likely to last unless on the face of it, it is right and acceptable to the people of India as a whole.

The Viceroy's latest communication made on behalf not only of himself but of the British Government has reiterated a policy which demands an immediate and realistic approach to the problem of mutual agreement amongst all important Indian interests. This is all the more necessary for the reason that the main outlines and preliminary steps in respect of a new constitution have according to this communication to be settled before permanent or even transitional arrangements can be envisaged.

"It is a great pity that circumstances have made it difficult for Gandhiji to obtain the advice and assistance of a person like Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, who notwithstanding all his ideological differences with many Indian groups must be recognised as the inevitable and natural leader of the Congress, viewed as a practical and political and not as a semi-religious organisation."—A. P.

Serious Shortage Of Rice In Bhor

(From Our Correspondent)

BHOR, Aug. 20

The public are experiencing very great shortage of rice, although there is a good part known as Sudhayad which gives good crops of rice.

There have been several defects in the distribution of sugar. One person has been arrested for carrying 17 1/2 seers of sugar without permit, pending trial.

TRAGIC TALE OF DETENUS' FAMILY

U. P. Authorities' Apathy Deplored

Mr. G. S. Mahanot writes from Bhopal as follows:—

I hope you would kindly publish the following letter in your widely circulated paper so that the authorities concerned may be kind enough to take immediate action.

The daughter of Sjt. Sardarsinghji Mahanot breathed her last on August 10th. Her mother Shrimati Sajjandevi soon after release from the Lucknow Jail requested telegraphically the Home Secretary and the Governor, U. P., to release her husband Mr. Mahanot, the General Manager, Benares Cotton Mills, Rajendrakumar Singh and nephew Tajbahadur Singh, from the Bareili and Benares Central Jail, because of the serious condition of her daughter Shrimatiji and her 75 years old mother-in-law, who too has been nearing death. At last the daughter died and her mother-in-law is on death bed, counting her last moments.

Shrimati Sajjandevi not only applied with proper reasons but attached the certificate of Lt.-Col. Nicholson, Chief Medical Officer in Central India, particularly drawing the attention of U. P. authorities to the absolute want of proper attendance without the presence of the abovenamed detenus. But the authorities are maintaining silence and no step has yet been taken to look into the matter. The whole of the family is in miserable condition and their case deserves the immediate consideration of the authorities.

POLISH MEMORANDUM TO MOSCOW

LONDON, August 22: From Reuters' diplomatic correspondent: When the Polish Cabinet meets to-day, it is expected, it will discuss and take decision on the memorandum drafted by M. Mikolajczyk, which he proposes to send to the Soviet Government. It is understood, the memorandum suggests the basis of a Russo-Polish agreement and expresses the readiness of M. Mikolajczyk to form a new Government representative of all Polish political parties, including those whose support the Polish Committee of national liberation.

If the memorandum is approved by the Polish Cabinet it will be forwarded to Moscow forthwith.—Reuter.

Warsaw Partisans Need U. S. Help

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.

The Polish American Congress has appealed to President Roosevelt to send help to members of the underground movement in Warsaw, the Headquarters of the Congress revealed to-day. The Congress claims to represent 6,000,000 American citizens. —Reuter.

The Half-Column By "Dim"

According to an A. P. message from New Delhi, "Ten thousand rabbits are to be imported into India from other parts of the British Empire.... Most of them will come from Australia." I think it grossly unfair that when Indian nationals are not welcomed in parts of the Empire like South Africa, we should tolerate the presence of Australian nationals here.

* * *

Mid-week racing in Poona was a clear case of "For Whom the bell tolls."

* * *

In an invitation for applications for the post of Rationing Inspectors, it is stated: "Applicants from Muslim and Backward classes would be given preference." What a pitiable state we will reach if things go on like this in our country! Let us hope that the postponed talks will make such notices unnecessary.

* * *

Mr. Frank Anthony strikes a more realistic note when he says to his community: "Your first concern should be to mobilize yourselves. Sink your religious, sectional, denominational differences."

* * *

He also points out that the present system of education is too academic and literary; it has remained to-day what it was a century ago. This is true. Even the brilliant Convocation address of the Vice-Chancellor appeared to strike a similar note, though his angle was different. Mr. Wadia felt that it fell on the student's shoulder to equip himself for life and take advantage of the opportunities the University offered. Perhaps the correct view is somewhere between the two 1. The University must change its views on education. 2. The student must change his ideas of the function of a student. To-day our student life is too disturbed by other influences. The atmosphere in which students live is not conducive to work and quiet study. And this after all is what stands a young man in good stead in the years that follow. So it has been for generations now. It cannot change now. Let us, therefore, overhaul our educational system and bring it more up-to-date. Let it be put away from the big cities, where it cannot find the peace and quiet which a University should have.

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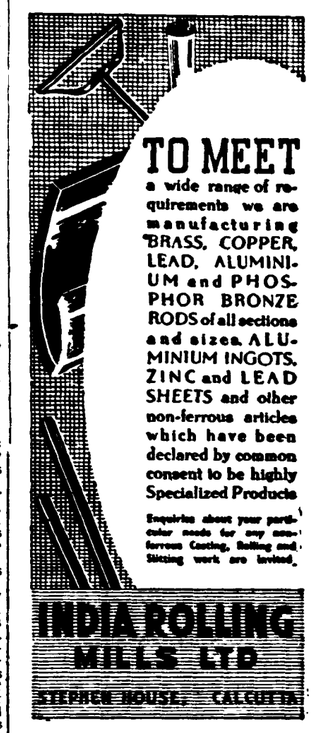

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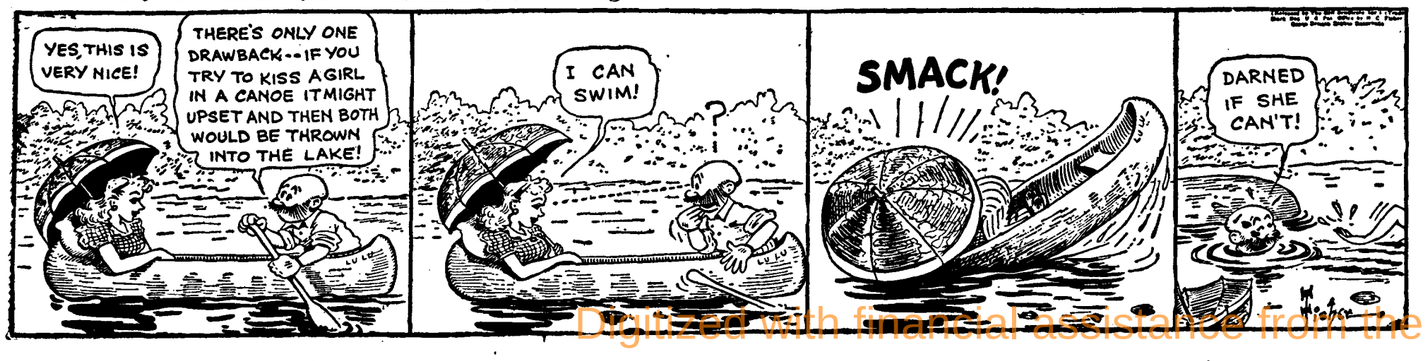
BS.-12

MUTT AND JEFF—And now Jeff has decided to take swimming lessons — By BUD FISHER


YES, THIS IS VERY NICE!
THERE'S ONLY ONE DRAWBACK--IF YOU TRY TO KISS A GIRL IN A CANOE IT MIGHT UPSET AND THEN BOTH WOULD BE THROWN INTO THE LAKE!
I CAN SWIM!
SMACK!
DARNED IF SHE CAN'T!

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Wanted experienced Copy-holders with good command over English language. Apply with testimonials to the Manager, the "Bombay Chronicle" between 2 p. m. and 4 p. m. (N. S. T.)

Wanted Organiser for a chain of Cinema Houses. Must have experience in the line together with knowledge about the construction, and maintenance of cinema houses. Please apply to Box No 5826, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted by a Film Studio, a Capable Artist efficient at painting backgrounds and creating designs of settings and dresses etc., for a Hindu Mythological subject. Apply Box No. 9957, "Bombay Chronicle"

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PUBLIC NOTICES.

B. B. & C. I. RLY.
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(16)

NOTICE.

The Bombay Hand Printers' Licensing Order, 1944, issued by the Government of Bombay is published in Part I of the BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE of August 24, 1944. The Order extends to the whole of Bombay Province and comes into force from 24th August, 1944 in Bombay City, the Bombay Suburban District, the Ahmedabad Municipal Borough, the Cantonment of Ahmedabad and the revenue limits of certain villages in the City Mahal of Ahmedabad. The Order provides that, after one month of its coming into force in any local area, no hand printer shall print cloth and no dealer shall order printing except under, and in accordance with, a licence granted by the Licensing Authority viz. the Provincial Textile Controller for Bombay City and the Bombay Suburban District and the District Magistrate elsewhere. It also provides that after one month from the date of its coming into force no person other than the holder of a licence shall order printing of cloth from a licenced hand printer except under a permit issued by the Licensing Authority. A fee of Rs. 50 will be charged for the grant of the licence. The Order does not apply to the printing of cloth by a manufacturing establishment having one hundred looms or more.

A. D. GORWALA,
Supply Commissioner, Bombay.
(9767)

AIR SERVICES OF INDIA LIMITED

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SEVENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at Scindia House, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, on THURSDAY, the 24th August, 1944, at 4 p. m. (S.T.) to transact the business specified in the notice sent to individual shareholders.

The Share Transfer Register of the above Company will remain closed from 14th to 26th August 1944, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
Kabali & Company Ltd.,
Managing Agents,
SHANTIKUMAR N. MORARJEE,
Managing Director.
Scindia House,
Dougall Road,
Ballard Estate,
Bombay, 11th July, 1944.
(13)

PUBLIC NOTICES

DADAR HINDU GYMKHANA, SHIVAJI PARK

GENERAL BODY MEETING on SATURDAY, 26th August at 7 p.m. (S.T.) to pass condolence resolution for the late Mr. A. R. Kothare. Members requested to be present.

5839

NOTICE TO SPECIAL JURORS

MEMBERS of the Special Jury summoned for the current Criminal Sessions are required to attend the High Court, on the 2nd floor, on Thursday, the 24th August, 1944 at 10-45 A.M. (S.T.)

SHANTIDAS ASKURAN,
Sheriff of Bombay.
Bombay, 21st August, 1944.
(15)

NOTICE

THIS IS TO INFORM THE PUBLIC that my client IMMRA NALLI A. SHAHERWALA has purchased 'George Footwear" of Causeway, Lower Colaba, trading in Boots and Shoes with Goodwill from its old Proprietor, Mosinali A. Maskati.

H. N. SHAH,
Advocate,
33, Picket Road, Bombay.
5943

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the under-mentioned temporary posts in connection with the Bombay Rural Broadcasting Scheme.

1. TECHNICAL ASSISTANTS: Pay Rs. 150-10-250.
   Candidates should not be over 30 years of age.
   Qualifications: A University degree in Electrical Engineering or Science with a Special knowledge of wireless and some practical experience of Wireless or Electrical Engineering. Sound experience in servicing and the maintenance of Radio receivers is necessary. Candidates should be prepared to be posted in the Districts.
2. SUPERVISORS: Pay Rs. 60-5-120.
   Candidates should not be over 30 years of age.
   Qualifications: Candidates should at least be Matriculates with some recognised theoretical qualifications in wireless and at least two years' experience in servicing and maintenance of Radio receivers. Candidates should be prepared to be posted in the Districts
3. WORKSHOP FOREMAN: Pay Rs. 60-3-90.
   Candidates should not be over 30 years of age.
   Qualifications: Candidates should preferably be matriculates and should possess at least three years practical experience in some well-known engineering concern, in mechanical and radio workshop practice.

Canvassing would be a disqualification.

Applications should be addressed to the Station Director, All India Radio, Government of India Offices, Bombay, so as to reach him not later than the 11th September, 1944.

(17)

CONTROLLER OF SUPPLIES, Strand House, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

INVITES TENDER No. BSY|TIM| 1215|1297 on form obtainable at Rs. 3|- per set (not refundable or transferable) paid in cash or by M. O. (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter) before 4 P.M. on 7-9-1944 for:—

1.	Chairs Teak Cane Seated dinner or office with arms ..	770 Nos.
2.	Chairs Teak Cane Seated dinner for office without arms ..	220 Nos.
3.	Chairs folding with Wooden Seats ..	180 Nos.
4.	Chests Medicine Wooden 5 ft., x 2¼ Wooden 5 ft. x 2.¼ ft. x 2 ft. ..	6 Nos
5.	Typists Tables ..	22 Nos.
6.	Tables Writing One drawer ..	120 Nos.
7.	Chest of drawers ..	20 Nos.

Applicants not on aproved Supply Department list, must give Banker's reference.

(14)

THE MORARJEE GOCULDAS SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY LTD., NOTICE

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that ten Share Certificates Nos. 10921 to 10930 of the abovenamed Company standing in the name of Mr. Rowji Monji (deceased) have been lost or mislaid and cannot be traced out. The undersigned has applied to the Company for the issue of duplicate share certificates in lieu of those LOST or MISLAID.

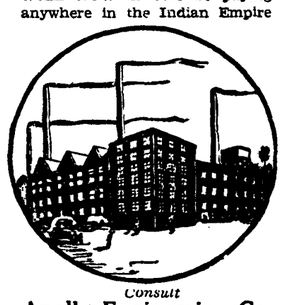
Persons having any lien, claim, right or interest in the original Share Certificates are requested to notify to the Company at its Registered Office at Soparibaug Road, Parel, Bombay No. 12, within one month from the date hereof, after which period the Company will issue duplicate Share Certificates. The public are also hereby warned against dealing in the original share certificates of the above-noted numbers.

Bai RATANBAI, widow of Rowji Monji (deceased).
Administratrix to the estate of the abovenamed (deceased).
Bombay, 21st August, 1944.
9995

A

Spinning or Weaving Mill, Dyeing & Bleaching Mill, Cloth Printing & Raising Mill

WILL NOW & ever be paying anywhere in the Indian Empire



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A Powerful Blood Purifier containing Concentrated Extract of SARSAPARILLA POTASSIUM IODIDE, GOLD & ARSENIC, ETC.
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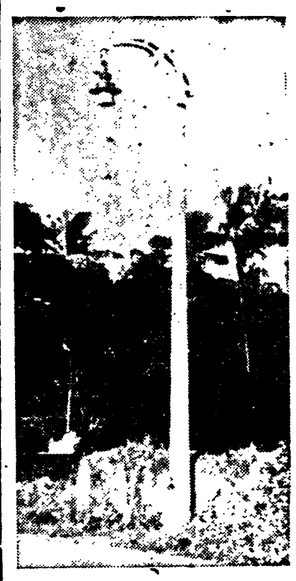
SPUN CONCRETE POLES



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